



Level 9
State Administration Centre
200 Victoria Square
Adelaide SA 5000
Tel +618 8226 9640
ABN 53 327 061 410
audgensa@audit.sa.gov.au
www.audit.sa.gov.au

To the members of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited (the Company) for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The financial report comprises:

- an Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2023
- a Statement of Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2023
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2023
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2023
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2023
- notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- a Directors' Declaration for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General.

I confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connecting with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 75 of the *Gaming Machines Act 1992*, I have audited the financial report of the Independent Gaming Corporation Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the directors about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.



Daniel O'Donohue

Assistant Auditor-General (Financial Audit)

08 September 2023

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED
A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | NOTE | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|--|-------|-------------------|---------------------|
| REVENUES | 4 | 10,684,041 | 10,155,677 |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Employee benefits expense | | 1,682,446 | 1,578,642 |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | 11,12 | 1,748,486 | 2,779,114 |
| Gamblers' rehabilitation contribution expense | | 1,999,998 | 1,999,998 |
| Sponsorship and charity donation expense | | 511,878 | 335,749 |
| Early intervention agencies expense | | 2,118,708 | 2,047,108 |
| Administration & other expenses | 5 | 2,708,248 | 2,677,276 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | <u>10,769,764</u> | <u>11,417,887</u> |
| (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE | | (85,723) | (1,262,210) |
| Income tax expense | 3 | - | - |
| (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | | <u>(85,723)</u> | <u>(1,262,210)</u> |
| (LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE ENTITY | | <u>(85,723)</u> | <u>(1,262,210)</u> |

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | | | |
|---|--|------------------|---------------------|
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX | | - | - |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | | <u>(85,723)</u> | <u>(1,262,210)</u> |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE ENTITY | | <u>(85,723)</u> | <u>(1,262,210)</u> |

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED

A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 2023

| ASSETS | NOTE | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 6 | 2,025,078 | 2,696,930 |
| Financial Assets | 9 | 5,500,000 | 4,000,000 |
| Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors | 7 | 274,037 | 141,435 |
| Prepayments | | 181,043 | 147,873 |
| Inventory | 8 | 91,351 | 63,276 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | <u>8,071,509</u> | <u>7,049,514</u> |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 11 | 1,663,680 | 2,203,179 |
| Intangible Assets | 12 | 4,050,051 | 4,920,448 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | <u>5,713,731</u> | <u>7,123,627</u> |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | <u>13,785,240</u> | <u>14,173,141</u> |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Other Payables | 14 | 637,977 | 932,703 |
| Provision for Employee Benefits | 15 | 291,060 | 266,815 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | <u>929,037</u> | <u>1,199,518</u> |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Provision for Employee Benefits | 15 | 46,136 | 77,833 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | <u>46,136</u> | <u>77,833</u> |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | <u>975,173</u> | <u>1,277,351</u> |
| NET ASSETS | | <u>12,810,067</u> | <u>12,895,790</u> |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Capital Replacement Reserve | 2(c) | 12,810,067 | 12,895,790 |
| Retained Earnings | | - | - |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | <u>12,810,067</u> | <u>12,895,790</u> |

Total equity is attributable to members of the entity
The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED
A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | Retained Earnings \$ | Capital Replacement Reserve \$ | Total \$ |
|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2021 | - | 14,158,000 | 14,158,000 |
| Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Profit (Loss) attributable to the entity | (1,262,210) | - | (1,262,210) |
| Other comprehensive Income | - | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | <u>(1,262,210)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(1,262,210)</u> |
| Transfers from Capital Replacement Reserve to Retained Earnings | 1,262,210 | (1,262,210) | - |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | <u>-</u> | <u>12,895,790</u> | <u>12,895,790</u> |
| Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Profit (Loss) attributable to the entity | (85,723) | - | (85,723) |
| Other comprehensive Income | - | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | <u>(85,723)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(85,723)</u> |
| Transfers from Capital Replacement Reserve to Retained Earnings | 85,723 | (85,723) | - |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | <u>-</u> | <u>12,810,067</u> | <u>12,810,067</u> |

Total equity is attributable to members of the entity
The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED
A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

| | NOTE | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|--|----------|--------------|--------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Receipts from customers | | 10,371,088 | 10,148,965 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (3,925,011) | (4,092,042) |
| Payments to Gamblers' Rehabilitation Fund | | (1,999,998) | (3,999,996) |
| Payments to Early Intervention Agencies | | (2,118,708) | (2,047,108) |
| Sponsorship and charity donation payments | | (507,781) | (263,679) |
| Interest received/sundry income | | 129,827 | 20,400 |
| GST payments/refunds to ATO | | (832,755) | (808,751) |
| Net Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities | 18 (b) | 1,116,662 | (1,042,211) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Payments for plant and equipment | | (447,886) | (332,056) |
| Payments for intangible assets | | - | (21,545) |
| Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment | | 159,372 | 34,500 |
| Proceeds/(purchases) of financial assets (term deposits) | | (1,500,000) | 1,000,383 |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities | | (1,788,514) | 681,282 |
| Net increase(decrease) in cash held | | (671,852) | (360,929) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year | | 2,696,930 | 3,057,859 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 6, 18(a) | 2,025,078 | 2,696,930 |

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED
A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1 COMPANY DETAILS

The Independent Gaming Corporation Limited is a company limited by guarantee. It is incorporated and operates in South Australia. The registered office and principal place of business is located at 80 Greenhill Road, Wayville SA 5034.

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are general-purpose financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and Australian Accounting Standards, including Australian Accounting Interpretations. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on the 5th September 2023.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. IGC's strong cash reserves will underwrite the on-going financial viability of the company.

The company's Income Statement, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Changes in Equity have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared on a cash basis.

These financial statements, which include the above-mentioned statements, have been prepared based upon a twelve month operating cycle and presented in Australian currency.

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described herein, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses. Where the estimates relate to future events, actual results may differ from these events. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and any revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Accounting Policies

(a) **Goods and Services Tax**

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except:

- (i) when the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense or
- (ii) for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and finance activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified as operating cash flows.

(b) **Leases**

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised for leases of low value assets, being assets which have a value of \$15 000 or less, nor short-term leases, being those with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(c) **Capital Replacement Reserve**

The purpose of the Capital Replacement Reserve is to enable the accumulation of sufficient funds for the replacement of the Gaming Machine Monitoring System, associated hardware and software without excessive borrowings.

(d) **Comparative Figures**

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(e) **New Accounting Standards**

The company has assessed the impact of Australian Accounting Standards implemented, but not yet effective as immaterial.

NOTE 3 INCOME TAX

The Australian Taxation Office in a Private Ruling dated 29 June 2021 granted IGC exemption from income tax up until 30 June 2026.

| NOTE 4 REVENUES | NOTE | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| Licensed gaming machine sites | | 10,086,144 | 9,819,002 |
| Interest earned | | 206,631 | 17,358 |
| Game testing | | 336,270 | 298,610 |
| Other | | 54,996 | 20,707 |
| Total Revenue | | <u>10,684,041</u> | <u>10,155,677</u> |

The monitoring of licensed gaming machine sites involves ongoing provisions of services, for which revenue is recognised over time as services are provided. Revenue from game testing is recognised when IGC completes testing of the specified machines.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

| NOTE 5 ADMINISTRATION & OTHER EXPENSES | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Directors' fees and expenses | 299,013 | 288,448 |
| Telecommunication expense | 806,681 | 788,411 |
| Monitoring system maintenance expense | 765,480 | 731,430 |
| Occupancy expense | 158,391 | 158,544 |
| Insurance | 67,117 | 64,990 |
| Gaming site equipment maintenance expense | 312,728 | 337,981 |
| Disaster site operating expense | 50,807 | 49,891 |
| Auditor fees | 94,221 | 95,500 |
| Other expenses | 153,810 | 162,081 |
| Total Administration & Other Expenses | <u>2,708,248</u> | <u>2,677,276</u> |

| NOTE 6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Deposits at call | 1,900,000 | 2,130,000 |
| Cash at bank | 123,678 | 565,530 |
| Cash on hand | 1,400 | 1,400 |
| Total Cash and Cash Equivalents | <u>2,025,078</u> | <u>2,696,930</u> |

| NOTE 7 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND OTHER DEBTORS | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Monitoring fees- Licensed gaming machines sites | 138,690 | 110,069 |
| Accrued Interest | 89,764 | 8,040 |
| Other receivables | 45,583 | 23,326 |
| Total Current Accounts Receivable and other Debtors | <u>274,037</u> | <u>141,435</u> |

(i) Credit Risk – Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

The company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables.

Monitoring fees receivable and other receivables arise in the normal course of providing monitoring services to licensed venues. Receivables are normally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice.

It is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

Refer to note 19 for further information on risk management.

NOTE 8 INVENTORY

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Inventory | 91,351 | 63,276 |
| Total Inventory | <u>91,351</u> | <u>63,276</u> |

Inventories include goods held for use in the ordinary course of business. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or their net realisable value.

Inventory Expense

Inventories recognised as an expense during the year included \$2,238. The expense has been included in the administration & other expenses in the Income Statement.

NOTE 9 FINANCIAL ASSETS

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | | |
| Term Deposits (up to 12 months to maturity) | 5,500,000 | 4,000,000 |
| Total Current Financial Assets | <u>5,500,000</u> | <u>4,000,000</u> |

NOTE 10 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Audit Fees paid/payable to the Auditor-General's Department relating to work performed under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987. No other services were provided by the Auditor-General's Department. | 50,496 | 50,700 |
| Remuneration paid to CyberCX Pty Ltd for the internal audit of IGC's information systems. | 43,725 | 44,800 |
| Total Auditors' Remuneration | <u>94,221</u> | <u>95,500</u> |

| NOTE 11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| NON-CURRENT | | |
| Land and Building (Greenhill Road) | | |
| Freehold land at cost | 288,000 | 288,000 |
| Total Land | <u>288,000</u> | <u>288,000</u> |
| Building at cost | 1,198,141 | 1,198,141 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (473,263) | (449,301) |
| Total Building | <u>724,878</u> | <u>748,840</u> |
| Total Land and Building | <u>1,012,878</u> | <u>1,036,840</u> |
| Plant and Equipment | | |
| Plant and equipment at cost | 11,262,952 | 11,039,514 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (10,612,150) | (9,873,175) |
| Total Plant and Equipment | <u>650,802</u> | <u>1,166,339</u> |
| Total Property, Plant and Equipment | <u>1,663,680</u> | <u>2,203,179</u> |

Movement in carrying amount for Non-Current Assets:

| | Land | Building | P & E | Total |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2021 | 288,000 | 772,802 | 2,734,506 | 3,795,308 |
| Additions at cost | - | - | 332,056 | 332,056 |
| Disposals | - | - | (21,762) | (21,762) |
| Depreciation expense | - | (23,962) | (1,878,461) | (1,902,423) |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | 288,000 | 748,840 | 1,166,339 | 2,203,179 |
| Additions at cost | - | - | 449,626 | 449,626 |
| Disposals | - | - | (111,024) | (111,024) |
| Depreciation expense | - | (23,962) | (854,139) | (878,101) |
| Carrying amount at 30 June 2023 | <u>288,000</u> | <u>724,878</u> | <u>650,802</u> | <u>1,663,680</u> |

Non Current Assets

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is reviewed annually to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows, which will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (excluding land) is calculated on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives.

The classes of property, plant and equipment and their expected useful lives are as follows:

| Class of Fixed Asset | Expected Useful Life Years |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Building | 50 |
| Plant and Equipment | |
| Monitoring System | 5 |
| Office Fit-out | 10 |
| Other plant and equipment | 2 - 7 |

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each annual reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the income statement.

NOTE 12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Computer Software at cost | 8,772,565 | 8,773,442 |
| Accumulated Amortisation | (4,722,514) | (3,852,994) |
| Total Intangible Assets | <u>4,050,051</u> | <u>4,920,448</u> |

Movement in carrying amount for Intangible Assets:

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2021 | 5,775,593 |
| Additions | 21,545 |
| Amortisation expense | (876,690) |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | <u>4,920,448</u> |
| Additions | - |
| Disposals | (12) |
| Amortisation expense | (870,385) |
| Carrying amount at 30 June 2023 | <u><u>4,050,051</u></u> |

Intangible Assets

(i) Intangibles – Computer Software

Computer software has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

(ii) Amortisation of Intangible Assets

Amortisation on intangibles is calculated on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives. The estimated useful life is between two and ten years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

NOTE 13 CAPITAL WORKS IN PROGRESS

There are no new Capital Works in Progress, all prior Capital Works in Progress have been transferred to either Plant & Equipment or Intangible Assets.

| NOTE 14 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER PAYABLES | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | | |
| Accounts payable | 290,547 | 757,080 |
| Accrued expenses | 347,430 | 175,623 |
| Total Accounts Payable and Other Payables | <u>637,977</u> | <u>932,703</u> |

| NOTE 15 PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| CURRENT | | |
| Accrued salaries and wages | 56,922 | 53,987 |
| Liability for annual leave | 100,540 | 121,177 |
| Liability for long service leave | 133,598 | 91,651 |
| Total Current Provisions for Employee Benefits | <u>291,060</u> | <u>266,815</u> |
| NON-CURRENT | | |
| Liability for long service leave | 46,136 | 77,833 |
| Total Non-Current Provisions for Employee Benefits | <u>46,136</u> | <u>77,833</u> |
| Total Provisions for Employee Benefits | <u>337,196</u> | <u>344,648</u> |

(i) Salaries and Wages, Annual Leave

A liability is recognised in respect of benefits relating to accrued salaries and wages, annual leave (and related on-costs) arising from services rendered by employees to balance date.

These benefits are anticipated to be settled within one year and are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

(ii) Long Service Leave

Liabilities arising in respect of long service leave expected to be settled within twelve months of balance date are measured at their nominal rates. All other long service leave entitlements are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Current long service leave reflects the unconditional portion of the liability, as IGC does not have the right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after reporting date. The remaining portion of the long service leave provision is classified as non-current.

(iii) Superannuation

Contributions are made by the company to the employee superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred. The company has no legal obligation to provide benefits to employees on retirement.

NOTE 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel include Directors and the General Manager, who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the company.

| Key management personnel compensation | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| - short term benefits | 535,385 | 515,028 |
| - post employment benefits | 52,252 | 47,948 |
| - other long term benefits | 7,791 | 6,519 |
| Total Compensation | <u>595,428</u> | <u>569,495</u> |

(b) Other information pertaining to material related party transactions

(i) Members

During the 2022-23 financial year, no expenses were incurred by IGC with the Australian Hotels Association or the Licensed Club's Association of South Australia.

(ii) Directors

During the year, Mr D Basheer and Mr M Binns had a direct financial interest in one or more hotels that have a contract for monitoring services with the company. The value of those services provided by the company was \$65,385 and \$82,914 respectively. Mr C Taylor is a senior employee of a licensed club that has a contract for monitoring services with the company. The value of those services provided by the company was \$37,758. Mr J Kernahan is a Director of Club One that has 103 entitlements assigned to gaming machines. The value of those services provided by the company is estimated to be \$94,855.

The contracts are on normal commercial terms and on the same basis as the contracts for monitoring services that are in place for all gaming machine sites. All fees quoted above in relation to Directors' related party transactions are inclusive of GST.

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit as a result of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or a related body corporate with the Director, a firm of which the Director is a Member or an entity in which the Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Key Management Personnel as shown in the company's accounts as Note 16(a) to the accounts.

NOTE 17 UNRECOGNISED COMMITMENTS

| (a) <u>Maintenance Monitoring Systems</u> | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Payable | | |
| - not later than one year | 501,046 | 501,046 |
| - later than one year but not later than three years | 1,002,094 | 1,503,140 |
| - later than three years | - | - |
| | <u>1,503,140</u> | <u>2,004,186</u> |

IGC has entered into a systems maintenance agreement with LNW (Light and Wonder) for the SG-Video Monitoring System which expires on 30 December 2026.

| (b) <u>Automated Risk Monitoring (ARM) Systems</u> <u>Maintenance Agreement</u> | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Payable | | |
| - not later than one year | 67,436 | 67,436 |
| - later than one year but not later than three years | 134,872 | 202,308 |
| - later than three years | - | - |
| | <u>202,308</u> | <u>269,744</u> |

IGC has entered into a systems maintenance agreement with LNW for the ARM maintenance which expires on 30 December 2026.

| (c) <u>Maintenance BNA/TiTo Systems</u> <u>Maintenance Agreement</u> | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Payable | | |
| - not later than one year | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| - later than one year but not later than three years | 240,000 | 360,000 |
| - later than three years | - | - |
| | <u>360,000</u> | <u>480,000</u> |

IGC has entered into a systems maintenance agreement with LNW for the BNA/TiTo maintenance which expires on 30 December 2026.

(d) Gamblers' Rehabilitation Fund Budget

Although there is no contractual requirement, an amount of \$2 million has been allowed for in 2023/24 to be paid to the Gamblers' Rehabilitation Fund. An amount of \$2 million has been paid to the fund in 2022/23.

(e) Programme for Problem Gambling Early Intervention

Although there is no contractual requirement, IGC has committed to fund the initiatives of the AHA and LCA for their respective early intervention programmes for problem gamblers. The Board approved an amount of \$2,277,612 to be paid during the 2023/2024 year to the Industry's Early Intervention for Problem Gambler's Initiative Programme.

NOTE 18 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|--|------------------|---------------------|
| For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank and deposits at call. | | |
| (a) Cash at end of year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is represented in the Statement of Financial Position as follows: | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents per Statement of Cash Flows | 2,025,078 | 2,696,930 |
| Total Cash and Cash Equivalents per Statement of Financial Position | <u>2,025,078</u> | <u>2,696,930</u> |
| (b) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit after income Tax | | |
| (Loss)/Profit after income tax | (85,723) | (1,262,210) |
| <u>Non-cash flows</u> | | |
| Depreciation and Amortisation | 1,748,486 | 2,779,114 |
| Gain on disposal of Non-Current Assets | (50,076) | (13,121) |
| <u>Changes in assets and liabilities</u> | | |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other debtors | (132,602) | 28,326 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other payables | (294,726) | (2,655,805) |
| Increase (decrease) in employee benefits | (7,453) | 52,623 |
| (Increase) decrease in prepayments | (33,170) | 18,971 |
| (Increase) decrease in inventory | (28,075) | 9,891 |
| Net Cash provided by/(used in) Operating Activities | <u>1,116,662</u> | <u>(1,042,211)</u> |

NOTE 19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's financial instruments consist of deposits at bank, term deposits, accounts receivable and other debtors, accounts payable and other payables. The company does not have any derivative instruments as at 30 June 2023.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value less transactions costs.

Financial assets (term deposits) have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Receivables and payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The total for each category of financial instrument are as follows:

| | Note | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 2,025,078 | 2,696,930 |
| Accounts receivable and other debtors * | 7 | 274,037 | 141,435 |
| Term deposits (at cost) | 9 | 5,500,000 | 4,000,000 |
| Total Financial Assets | | <u>7,799,115</u> | <u>6,838,365</u> |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Financial liabilities (at cost) | | | |
| Accounts payable and other payables * | 14 | 404,931 | 699,656 |
| Total Financial Liabilities | | <u>404,931</u> | <u>699,656</u> |

* Receivables and payables amounts disclosed have excluded amounts relating to rights or obligations that have their source in legislation such as levy recoverables/payables, audit fees, tax equivalents and Commonwealth tax including Goods & Services Tax (GST).

Specific Financial Risk Exposure and Management

The main risks exposed through the company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk relating to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

The company does not have any material credit risk exposure as the major source of revenue is the receipt of monitoring fees. These fees are received weekly which minimises credit risk.

The company has no significant concentration of credit risk exposure to any single receivable under financial instruments.

Liquidity Risk

The company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows. Management enters into term deposits to reflect their expectation of the timing of realisation to match the forecast cash flows.

Financial liability maturity analysis

Accounts payable and other payables are due for payment within one year, as at 30 June 2023 amount outstanding is \$404,931, as at 30 June 2022 the amount was \$699,656.

Market Risk - Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risks arise on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rate will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments.

Market Risk – Foreign currency

The systems maintenance agreement with Scientific Games for IGC's GMMS includes a foreign exchange clause which provides for a 10% increase or decrease in maintenance fees should the \$US/\$AUS fluctuate beyond 10% either side of the exchange rate which existed at the time the agreement was executed.

Sensitivity analysis

Due to the nature and value of the financial instruments held by the company, sensitivity analysis has not been provided. Financial instruments are secured at fixed rates and therefore not sensitive to rate variables.

Net Fair Values

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position at balance date represent fair value.

NOTE 20 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Board and management effectively manage the entity's capital by assessing the entity's financial risks and responding to changes in these risks.

As at 30 June 2023, the company had no borrowings.

There have been no changes to the strategy adopted by the Board and management to control the capital of the entity since the previous year.

NOTE 21 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING YEAR

There are no known events after balance date that affect these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT GAMING CORPORATION LIMITED
A.B.N. 62 054 282 183

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The Directors of the company declare that:

1. the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date
2. in the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:



.....
B. Doyle
Chairman

Dated this 5th day of September 2023