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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AUDIT OFFICE OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Audit Office of South Australia (the Office), which comprises the statement of financial position and statement of administered financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows, the statement of administered comprehensive income and the statement of administered cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information and the Certification of the Financial Report.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Audit Office of South Australia, is in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit 1987, including:*

- (i) The financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Office as at 30 June 2025, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Treasurer's Instructions promulgated under the provisions of the *Public* Finance and Audit Act 1987 and the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures
- (ii) The Financial report also complies with the accounts and records of the Office.

We have obtained all of the information and explanations required from the Office.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Office in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Auditor General's responsibility for the Financial Report

The Auditor General is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Treasurer's instructions promulgated under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures for such internal control as the Auditor General determines necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that presents fairly and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Auditor General is responsible for assessing the Office's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Josh Carver Director

Adelaide, 29 August 2025

Certification of the Financial Statements

We certify that the:

- financial statements of the Audit Office of South Australia:
 - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the office;
 - comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions;
 - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
 - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the office at the end of the financial year and the result of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- internal controls employed by the Audit Office of South Australia for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of the financial statements have been effective.

Andrew Blaskett

Auditor-General

28 August 2025

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Manager, Finance

28 August 2025

Audit Office of South Australia

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$000	\$000
Expenses:			
Employee related expenses	2	15,671	14,994
Supplies and services:			
Contractors		1,661	1,365
Office accommodation and service costs		777	863
Consultancies		251	399
Other supplies and services	5	1,369	1,415
		4,058	4,042
Depreciation and amortisation		410	253
Total expenses		20,139	19,289
Income:			
Appropriation	6	19,696	19,222
Services received free of charge	7	89	89
Other income		20271	1
Total income		19,786	19,312
Net result		(353)	23
Total comprehensive result		(353)	23

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025

The second secon	ne test sorrift	2025	2024
	Note	\$000	\$000
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	5,115	5,416
Receivables	9	301	197
Total current assets	140	.5,416	5,613
Non-current assets:			
Computing and office facilities	10	597	784
Total non-current assets		597	784
Total assets		6,013	6,397
Current liabilities:			
Payables	11	130	145
Employee related liabilities	3	2,434	2,463
Provision for workers compensation	4	36	18
Total current liabilities		2,600	2,626
Non-current liabilities:			
Employee related liabilities	3	4,179	4,248
Provision for workers compensation	4	152	88
Total non-current liabilities		4,331	4,336
Total liabilities		6,931	6,962
Net assets		(918)	(565)
Equity:			
Retained earnings	gent index; and it injers	(918)	(565)
Total equity	er en	(918)	(565)
Commitments	12		

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2025

sta a disan historia admini era	Retained	
	earnings	Total
	\$000	\$000
Balance at 30 June 2023	(588)	(588)
Total comprehensive result for the year 2023-24	23	23
Balance at 30 June 2024	(565)	(565)
Total comprehensive result for the year 2024-25	(353)	(353)
Balance at 30 June 2025	(918)	(918)

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
		Inflows	Inflows
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)
Cash flows from operating activities:		\$000	\$000
Cash outflows:			
Employee expenses		(15,700)	(14,697)
Supplies and services		(4,369)	(4,400)
Payments for Paid Parental Leave Scheme		(9)	(51)
Cash inflows:			
Other income		1	1
Goods and services tax refunds from Australian Taxation Office	13	323	476
Receipts for Paid Parental Leave Scheme		5	52
Appropriations		19,671	19,222
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(78)	603
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash outflows:			
Purchase of computing and office facilities		(223)	(424)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(223)	(424)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Cash outflows:			
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities			(2)
Repayment of borrowings			
			(2)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			
[문문] (2017년 1일 전 1일		(301)	177
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		(301) 5,416	177 5,239

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

1. Objectives of the Audit Office of South Australia (the Office)

The Office is an administrative unit of the public service established under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* (PFAA). It is a wholly owned and controlled entity of the Crown. Accordingly, all government-related entities are related parties.

The main statutory responsibilities are to audit and examine the activities of State and Local Government agencies and to report the results to Parliament as required by the PFAA.

Controlled

The sole activity is the provision of auditing services covering the various audit and examination responsibilities prescribed under the PFAA. Within this activity class there are two sub-activities:

Prescribed audits

Includes all audit and examination work for State and Local Government agencies initiated and undertaken by the Auditor-General under the PFAA. During the year the office spent \$20.06 million (\$19.15 million) on this activity. The main component of work relates to the annual statutory audit of State public sector agencies.

Special investigations

Under the PFAA, the Parliament, Treasurer, a Minister or the Independent Commissioner Against Corruption can require the Auditor-General to undertake certain examinations and report these to Parliament. The office spent \$82,000 (\$139,000) on special investigations.

Administered

We also administer certain activities on behalf of the SA Government but do not control the related income, expenses, assets or liabilities. These comprise the following two activities:

Receiving and passing on auditing fees

We charge fees for our audits as permitted by section 39 of the PFAA, but do not retain these fees. We transfer audit fees, less GST, into the SA Government's Consolidated Account as they are received.

Effective from 1 July 2024, the Treasurer approved the ceasing of charging arrangements associated with the statutory accounts of most general government sector (GGS) entities and all discretionary performance audits.

Administering special acts

Section 24(4) of the PFAA provides that the salary and allowances of the Auditor-General, as determined by the Governor, will be paid from the SA Government's Consolidated Account. The Auditor-General's remuneration, and recoveries from the Consolidated Account for it, are reported as administered items.

\$000 11,435	\$000
11.435	
	11,127
1,124	1,057
400	466
104	85
13,063	12,735
1,632	1,503
747	742
2,379	2,245
227	6
2	8
15,671	14,994
	1,124 400 104 13,063 1,632 747 2,379 227 2

2.1	Employee remuneration	Executive		S	taff
	The number of employees whose normal	2025	2024	2025	2024
	remuneration is equal to or greater than	Number	Number	Number	Number
	the base executive remuneration level				
	during the year are grouped within the				
	following bands:				
	\$166,001 - \$171,000*	n/a	n/a	n/a	2
	\$191,001 - \$211,000	1			
	\$211,001 - \$231,000	1	2		
	\$231,001 - \$251,000	3	1		
	\$251,001 - \$271,000		2		
	\$271,001 - \$291,000	2	1		
	\$371,001 - \$391,000	1	1	<u>-</u>	
	\$611,001 - \$631,000	1			
	\$631,001 - \$651,000		1		
	Total	9	8	0	2

^{*} This band has been included for the purpose of reporting comparative figures based on the executive base level remuneration rate for 2023-24.

The table includes all employees whose normal remuneration is equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level. Total remuneration received or receivable by these employees was \$2.72 million (\$2.86 million). Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits, fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

The employee remuneration figures detailed above include employee remuneration recorded in both the office financial statements and the administered financial statements.

2.2 Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the office are the Auditor-General, Deputy Auditor-General, Assistant Auditor-General, Chief Operating Officer and four Executive Directors.

Total compensation for key management personnel was \$2.72 million (\$2.52 million). This includes compensation recorded in both the office financial statements and the administered financial statements.

2.3 Board and committee members

Members during the 2025 financial year were:

Audit and Risk Committee
Debra Contala (Chair)
Enrico De Santi
Amy Jeffreys*

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$20,000. Remuneration of members includes sitting fees, and superannuation contributions.

3.	Employee related liabilities	2025	2024
	Current:	\$000	\$000
	Accrued salaries	50	11
	Annual leave	1,567	1,574
	Long service leave	283	288
	Skills and experience retention leave	119	127
	Employment on-costs	415	463
	Total current	2,434	2,463
	Non-current:		
	Long service leave	3,754	3,828
	Employment on-costs	425	420
	Total non-current	4,179	4,248
	Total employee related liabilities	6,613	6,711

^{*}In accordance with Premier and Cabinet Circular 016, government employees did not receive any remuneration for board/committee duties during the financial year.

Liabilities for unpaid salaries for service prior to the reporting date are measured at current pay rates.

Long-term employee benefits are measured at present value and short-term employee benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

Long service leave

The long service leave liability is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The expected timing and amount of long service leave payments is determined through whole of government actuarial calculations performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance.

Key assumptions include whether the characteristics of employee remuneration, terms of service with the public sector, and expectations as to when employees take long service leave, as established by the actuary, are applicable to employees of the office. These assumptions affect the expected amount to be paid that has been factored into the calculation of the liability. The discount rate used in measuring the liability is another key assumption. The discount rate is reflective of long-term Commonwealth Government bonds. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds remained the same at 4.25% as did the salary inflation rate of 3.5%.

As the bond yield remained the same there have been no significant changes to the reported long service leave liability.

The historic experience of long service leave and projections such as known approvals are used as the basis to estimate the proportion of the liability expected to be settled in the next 12 months. This amount is the current liability.

Employment on-costs

Include payroll tax and superannuation contributions. Superannuation contributions are paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board, and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. The office does not have any liability for payments to beneficiaries as these have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The superannuation liabilities reported reflect amounts to be paid to the various superannuation schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance, the proportion of long service leave taken as leave remained the same at 44% and the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation on-costs has increased to 12% (11.5%). These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation. The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year on employment on-costs and employee benefit expense is immaterial. The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate.

4.	Provision for workers compensation	2025	2024
		\$000	\$000
	Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	106	121
	Increase/(Decrease) in provision	82	(15)
	Carrying amount at the end of the period	188	106

The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2025 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to employees as required under current legislation.

The office is responsible for the payment of workers compensation claims.

5.	Other supplies and services	2024	2024
		\$000	\$000
	Information technology and communication	761	781
	Staff recruitment, development and training	228	292
	Other expenses	209	155
	Shared Services SA charges	63	74
	Professional Memberships	43	40
	Motor vehicles	33	28
	Staff travel, accommodation and allowances	21	28
	Audit fees*	11	17
	Total other supplies and services	1,369	1,415

* The Governor, on recommendation of the Treasurer, in line with the PFAA, appoints the auditor of the Audit Office of South Australia.

5.1 Expenditure – SA Business and Non-SA Business

The following table includes all expenditure in relation to contracts above \$55,000 (GST inclusive) resulting from a procurement as defined in Treasurer's Instructions 18 – Procurement (TI 18). Arrangements between public authorities and arrangements with other governments are not included. Expenditure is inclusive of non-recoverable GST.

	2025	Proportion SA and non-SA businesses
	\$000	
Total expenditure with South Australian businesses	1,723	72.3 %
Total expenditure with non-South Australian businesses	660	27.7 %
경우 시민들은 사람들은 경험 회원들은 가능한 경우 등을 가지면 되었다.	2,383	100%

Classification of SA business or non-SA business is based on circumstances at the time of entering into a contract. For contracts entered into before 20 February 2023, where sufficient evidence of an assessment made under previous procurement requirements is known to the office, this was used to determine the classification. For contracts where such evidence of prior assessment is not available and for all other contracts, classification is based on the definition of an SA business provided in TI18.

TI18 defines a business as being South Australian where it operates in South Australia and more than 50% of the workforce delivering the contract resulting from the procurement on behalf of the business are South Australian residents.

The disclosure for expenditure with SA businesses reflects the total spent on contracts within the TI 18 definition and in some instances includes the cost of goods sourced from outside South Australia. A determination may have been made on the basis of representations made by suppliers at a point in time which has not been subject to independent verification.

6. Payments to/from SA Government

Appropriations to the office in 2024-25 amounted to \$19.696 million (\$19.22 million).

7.	Resources received free of charge	2025	2024
		\$000	\$000
	Services received free of charge – Shared Services SA	64	65
	Services received free of charge – ICT Digital Government	25	24
	Total resources received free of charge	89	89
	The office is only charged for non-standard services received.		
8.	Cash and cash equivalents	2024	2024
	Deposits with the Treasurer:	\$000	\$000
	Audit Office of South Australia Operating Account	2,699	3,145
	Accrual Appropriation Excess Funds	2,416	2,271
	Total cash and cash equivalents	5,115	5,416
9.	Receivables	2024	2024
	Current:	\$000	\$000
	Goods and services tax	143	. 178
	Other	158	19
	Total current receivables	301	197

10.	Non-	current assets	2025	2024
	10.1	Classes of assets	\$000	\$000
		Leasehold improvements – at cost	1,464	1,295
		Accumulated depreciation	1,143	967
			321	328
		Computing and office equipment – at cost	865	885
		Accumulated depreciation	755	739
			110	146
		Laptop computer equipment – at cost	840	815
		Accumulated depreciation	674	505
			166	310
			597	784

10.2	Reconciliation of carrying amount	Carrying amount 01.07.24	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation/ Amortisation	Carrying amount 30.06.25
		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
	Leasehold improvements	328	169		176	321
	Computing and office equipment	146	29		65	110
	Laptop computer equipment	310	25		169	166
	Computer software		-			
	Total non-current assets	784	223		410	597

Computing and office facilities are held at fair value as required by the Accounting Policy Statements. All items of plant and equipment owned by the Office which had a fair value at the time of acquisition less than \$1.5 million or an estimated useful life less than three years have not been revalued. We use cost less accumulated depreciation to determine fair value. The threshold for capitalising items is \$10,000. There are no indications of impairment of our assets.

We depreciate/amortise all assets over three years except laptops which we depreciate over two years. Depreciation and amortisation is on a straight-line basis.

11.	Payables	2025	2024
	Current:	\$000	\$000
	Contractual payables		
	Accrued expenses	10	64
	Creditors	117	70
	Total contractual payables	127	134
	Statutory payables		
	Paid Parental Leave Scheme payable	3	6
	GST Payable		5
	Total statutory payables	3	11
	Total current payables	130	145
		2025	2024
	Non-current:	\$000	\$000
	Total non-current		
	Total payables	130	145

Payables and accrued expenses are recognised for all amounts owing but unpaid. All payables are non-interest bearing.

Contractual payables

Contractual payables are normally settled within 15 days from the date the invoice is received.

Statutory payables

Statutory payables include government taxes and equivalents as well as statutory fees and charges. Statutory payables are carried at cost and are not financial liabilities.

12. Commitments

Contractual commitments	2025	2024
At the reporting date the office had the following obligations:	\$000	\$000
Not later than one year	2,150	1,874
Later than one year but not later than five years	4,576	3,402
Later than five years		751
Total contractual commitments as lessee	6,726	6,027

Office accommodation

The office has accommodation services provided by the Department for Infrastructure and Transport (DIT) under a Memorandum of Administrative Arrangement (MoAA) issued in line with government-wide accommodation policies.

The current tenancy term is to 30 June 2030.

The MoAA is not accounted for under AASB 16, as it does not meet the definition of a lease as clauses that convey the right to use the accommodation are not enforceable.

Audit services

Obligations under non-cancellable contracts for audit services. These obligations have not been recognised as liabilities.

Other expenditure commitments

Obligations for other services under a contract arrangement, which have not been recognised as liabilities.

13. Goods and Service Tax (GST) Refunds from the ATO

The GST recovered is shown on a net basis.

Included in the 2024-25 amount is a payment of \$125,000 made on behalf of Administered Items.

14. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements, prepared in line with applicable Australian Accounting Standards – simplified disclosures, and Treasurer's Instructions (Accounting Policy Statements) issued under the PFAA. The Accounting Policy Statements require certain disclosures in addition to Australian Accounting Standards.

We have not early-adopted any Australian Accounting Standards or Australian interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The office is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes, and the financial statements are prepared based on a 12-month reporting period and presented in Australian currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

The historical cost convention is used, unless otherwise stated. This means that assets are recorded at their initial cost and liabilities are valued at the amount initially received in exchange for the obligation.

Assets that are sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal 12-month operating cycle have been classified as current.

The administered financial statements have been prepared applying the same accounting policies as for items controlled by the Audit Office of South Australia.

(b) Taxation

The office is liable for payroll tax, fringe benefits tax and goods and services tax (GST) but not income tax. Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense
- receivables and payables which are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. However, the GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities recoverable from the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(c) Appropriation

We are funded by Parliamentary appropriations, paid into a special deposit account titled 'Audit Office of South Australia (AOSA) Operating Account'. We are also appropriated for some expenses that will not require a cash payment, such as depreciation. Some appropriations are deposited into a special deposit account at the Department of Treasury and Finance titled 'Accrual Appropriation Excess Funds'. Although we control this money, its use must be separately approved by the Treasurer. We do not earn interest on either of these special deposit accounts.

The appropriation for special acts reported in the administered financial statements relates to recoveries from the SA Government for the Auditor-General's salary. Salary amounts paid which are yet to be recovered are recorded as appropriation receivable.

Other material accounting policies are described under related notes.

Financial instruments	Carry	ing amount
	2024	2024
Financial assets	\$000	\$000
Cash and cash equivalents	5,115	5,416
Receivables (amortised cost)*	32	19
Total financial assets	5,147	5,435
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Payables	127	134
Total financial liabilities	127	134
	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (amortised cost)* Total financial assets Financial liabilities at amortised cost Payables	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (amortised cost)* Total financial assets Financial liabilities at amortised cost Payables 2024 \$000 5,115 7,115 7,115 7,117 1,115 1,1

^{*} Receivables amounts disclosed exclude amounts relating to statutory receivables where rights or obligations have their source in legislation such as the goods and services tax.

16. Budgetary reporting and explanations of major variances

The following provides details of the 2024-25 original budget, actual amounts and the associated variances. No explanations are provided as the variances do not exceed the greater of 10% of the original budgeted amount and 5% of original budgeted total expenses.

Statement of Comprehensive Income	Original		
	budget	Actual	Variance
Expenses:	\$000	\$000	\$000
Employee expenses	15,180	15,671	491
Supplies and services:			
Contractors	1,984	1,661	(323)
Office accommodation and service costs	993	777	(216)
Consultancies	172	251	79
Other supplies and services	1,080	1,369	289
Depreciation and amortisation	261	410	149
Total expenses	19,670	20,139	469
Income: Appropriations and contingency provision grant Services received free of charge Other income	Original budget \$000 19,671 - 1	Actual \$000 19,696 89	Variance \$000 25 89
Total income	19,672	19,786	114
Net result and total comprehensive result	2	(353)	(355)
Investing expenditure summary:			
Minor capital works and equipment	263	223	(40)
Total annual programs	263	223	(40)

The budget process is not subject to audit. Budget information refers to the amounts presented to Parliament in the original budgeted financial statements in respect of the reporting period (2024-25 Budget Paper 4) and the amounts have not been adjusted to reflect revised budgets. These original budgeted amounts have been presented and classified on a basis that is consistent with line items in the financial statements.

Statement of Administered Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
		\$000	\$000
Expenses:			
Employee expenses		519	773
Audit fees paid/payable to Consolidated Account		5,927	16,773
Total expenses	A CONTRACTOR	6,446	17,546
Income:			
Fees for audit services		5,927	16,773
Appropriation – Special Acts		486	934
Total income		6,413	17,707
Total income			
Net result		(33)	161

Statement of Administered Financial Position as at 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$000	\$000
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		354	221
Receivables	A2	1,244	767
Total assets		1,598	988
Current liabilities:			
Employee related liabilities		53	43
Audit fees payable to Consolidated Account		1,097	664
Goods and services tax payable		151	124
Other payables	A3	150	
Total current liabilities		1,451	831
Non-current liabilities:			
Employee related liabilities - long service leave		295	272
Total non-current liabilities		295	272
Total liabilities		1,746	1,103
Net assets		(148)	(115)
Equity:			
Retained earnings		(148)	(115)
Total equity		(148)	(115)

Statement of Administered Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
		Inflows	Inflows
		(Outflows)	(Outflows)
Cash flows from operating activities:	Note	\$000	\$000
Cash outflows:			
Employee expenses		(486)	(934)
Amounts paid to Consolidated Account		(5,494)	(16,305)
Goods and services tax paid to Australian Taxation Office		(441)	(1,725)
Cash inflows:			
Fees for audit services	A2	6,043	17,935
Cash flows from SA Government:			
Appropriation – Special Acts		486	943
Appropriation – Audit Office	A3	25	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		133	(86)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		133	(86)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		221	307
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June		354	221

Notes to and forming part of the administered financial statements

A1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The basis of preparation for the administered financial statements is the same as the basis outlined at note 14. The same accounting policies are applied to the administered financial statements as for items controlled by the Audit Office of South Australia.

(b) Appropriation

The appropriation for special acts relates to recoveries from the SA Government for the Auditor-General's salary. Salary amounts paid which are yet to be recovered are recorded as appropriation receivable.

A2.	Receivables	2025	2024
		\$000	\$000
	Audit fee receivables		
	Fees outstanding at 1 July	730	214
	Billings	6,520	18,451
		7,250	18,665
	Receipts	6,043	17,935
	Fees outstanding at 30 June	1,207	730
	Other receivables		
	Appropriation receivable	37	37

Special Acts appropriation for the Auditor-General's salary is received one month in arrears.

A3. Other payables

Other payables is comprised of two items payable to the controlled entity, the office.

An amount of \$125,000 is owed to the office for GST payments made to the Australian Taxation Office on behalf of administered items. In addition \$25,000 of appropriation funding for the office was incorrectly paid to administered items and is owed to the office.

A4. Budgetary reporting and explanations of major variances

The following provides details of the 2024-25 original budget, actual amounts and the associated variances.

Statement of Comprehensive Income	Original		
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenses:	\$000	\$000	\$000
Employee expenses	554	519	(35)
Amounts paid/payable to Consolidated Account	17,922	5,927	$^{(1)}(11,995)$
Total expenses	18,476	6,446	⁽¹⁾ (12,030)
Income:			
Fees for audit services	17,922	5,927	$^{(1)}(11,995)$
Appropriation – Special Acts	542	486	(56)
Total income	18,464	6,413	$^{(1)}(12,051)$
Net result and total comprehensive result	(12)	(33)	(21)

The budget process is not subject to audit. Budget information refers to the amounts presented to Parliament in the original budgeted financial statements in respect of the reporting period (2024-25 Budget Paper 4) and the amounts have not been adjusted to reflect revised budgets. These original budgeted amounts have been presented and classified on a basis that is consistent with line items in the financial statements.

(1) The variances in amounts paid/payable to Consolidated Account, total expenses, fees for audit services and total income are due to the ceasing of charging arrangements for the statutory accounts of most general government sector (GGS) entities and all discretionary performance audits from 1 July 2024 as described in note 1.

Audit fees received, less GST, are transferred into the SA Government's Consolidated Account as they are received.