#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Level 9 State Administration Centre 200 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000

Tel +618 8226 9640

ABN 53 327 061 410 enquiries@audit.sa.gov.au www.audit.sa.gov.au

# To the Chair West Beach Trust

## **Opinion**

I have audited the financial report of the West Beach Trust for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the West Beach Trust as at 30 June 2025, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards.

#### The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2025
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025
- notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Chief Executive Officer, the Chair, West Beach Trust and the General Manager Corporate Services.

## **Basis for opinion**

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the West Beach Trust. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Responsibilities of the Chief Executive and members of the Trust for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account any policy or funding decisions the government has made which affect the continued existence of the entity. The Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

The members of the Trust are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 17(2) of the *West Beach Recreation Reserve Act 1987*, I have audited the financial report of the West Beach Trust for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Beach Trust's internal control

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive Officer
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Chief Executive Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive Officer and the Chair, West Beach Trust about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Daniel O'Donohue

**Deputy Auditor-General** 

10 September 2025

#### **Certification of the Financial Statements**

We certify that the:

- financial statements of the West Beach Trust:
  - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the Trust;
  - comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions;
  - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
  - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust at the end of the financial year and the result of its operation and cash flows for the financial year.
- internal controls employed by the Trust for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of financial statements have been effective.

K L Anderson Chief Executive Officer

Kol Inderson

M J Jeffreys AM Chair of Board V J Mifsud General Manager Corporate Services

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Dated 5 September 2025

## **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	2025	2024
		\$'000	\$'000
Income			
Fees and charges	3.1	22,916	21,707
Grants and subsidies	3.2	1,509	-
Intra-government transfers	3.3	1,618	1,059
Interest		30	6
Other income	3.4	960	271
Total income	-	27,033	23,043
Expenses			
Employee related expenses	4.1	10,927	10,108
Supplies and services	4.2	8,842	8,092
Depreciation and amortisation	5.5, 5.6, 5.9	4,183	3,403
Borrowing costs	4.4	431	412
Net loss from the disposal of non-current assets	4.5	2	-
Other expenses	4.6	778	711
Total expenses	-	25,163	22,726
Profit (loss) before income tax equivalents		1,870	317
Income tax equivalent expense	1.3	560	95
Profit (loss) after income tax equivalents	-	1,310	222
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to net result			
Changes in property, plant and equipment asset revaluation surplus		11,252	43,609
Total other comprehensive income	-	11,252	43,609
Total comprehensive result	-	12,562	43,831

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

## **Statement of Financial Position**

As at 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Current assets		\$ 000	\$ 000
Cash and cash equivalents	5.2	3,366	816
Receivables	5.3	1,029	1,224
		107	120
Inventories	5.4		
Total current assets		4,502	2,160
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5.6	154,446	141,582
Intangible assets	5.9	131	179
Total non-current assets		154,577	141,761
Total assets		159,079	143,921
Current liabilities			
Payables	6.2	1,884	2,400
Contract liabilities	6.3	3,886	1,798
Other Financial liabilities	6.4	754	551
Employee related liabilities	6.5	957	841
Total current liabilities		7,481	5,590
Non-current liabilities			
Other Financial liabilities	6.4	9,241	8,522
Employee related liabilities	6.5	810	824
Total non-current liabilities		10,051	9,346
Total liabilities		17,532	14,936
Net assets		141,547	128,985
Equity			
Retained earnings		25,065	23,755
Asset revaluation Surplus	7.1	116,482	105,230
Total equity		141,547	128,985

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	Asset revaluation surplus	Retained earnings	Total Equity
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2023		61,621	23,533	85,154
Net result for 2023-2024		-	222	222
Gain on revaluation of land, buildings and improvements during 2023-24		43,609	-	43,609
Total comprehensive result for 2023-2024		43,609	222	43,831
Balance at 30 June 2024		105,230	23,755	128,985
Net result for 2024-2025		-	1,310	1,310
Gain on revaluation of land, buildings and improvements during 2024-25		11,252	-	11,252
Total comprehensive result for 2024-2025		11,252	1,310	12,562
Balance at 30 June 2025		116,482	25,065	141,547

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
<u>Cash inflows</u>			
Fees and charges		26,627	23,115
Grants and subsidies		3,465	-
Intra-government transfers		1,149	1,147
Interest received		30	6
Other receipts		999	271
Cash generated from operations		32,270	24,539
Cash outflows			
Employee related payments		(10,841)	(9,805)
Payments for supplies and services		(10,984)	(8,882)
Interest paid		(445)	(399)
GST paid to the ATO		(1,275)	(886)
Income tax equivalent payments		(95)	(183)
Other payments		(716)	(658)
Cash used in operations		(24,356)	(20,813)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	7.2	7,914	3,726
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash inflows			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		33	18
Construction works reimbursed from another agency		2,731	2,132
Cash generated from investing activities		2,764	2,150
Cash outflows			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(6,251)	(5,831)
Purchase of intangibles		-	(78)
Construction works payments on behalf of another agency		(2,731)	(2,132)
Cash used in investing activities		(8,982)	(8,041)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		(6,218)	(5,891)
Cash flows from financing activities		-	
Cash inflows			
Proceeds from borrowings		1,500	1,600
Cash generated from financing activities		1,500	1,600
<u>Cash outflows</u>		-	
Repayment of borrowings		(535)	(404)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(111)	(101)
Cash used in financing activities		(646)	(505)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		854	1,095
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,550	(1,070)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		816	1,886
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5.2	3,366	816

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

#### 1. About the West Beach Trust

The West Beach Trust (Trust) is a statutory authority of the State of South Australia, established pursuant to the West Beach Recreation Reserve Act 1987. The Trust is a body corporate subject to the control and direction of the Minister for Planning.

The financial statements and accompanying notes cover the West Beach Trust as an individual reporting entity.

The Trust does not control any other entity and has no interests in unconsolidated structured entities.

## 1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in compliance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards.

For the purposes of preparing the financial statements, the Trust is a not-for-profit entity. The financial statements are prepared based on a 12 month reporting period and presented in Australian currency. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

Assets that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle have been classified as current assets. Liabilities that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period or for which the Trust has no right to defer the settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period are classified as current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis. However, the GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

#### 1.2 Functions and objectives

The functions and objectives of the Trust are:

- a) to administer and develop the West Beach Recreation Reserve in accordance with its strategic and business plans -
  - 1) as a sporting, cultural and recreational complex of State-wide significance; and
  - 2) as a tourist attraction and resort; and
- b) to promote and encourage the use and enjoyment of the Reserve by the public; and
- c) to perform any other function assigned to the Trust by the West Beach Recreation Reserve Act 1987 or the Minister.

#### 1.3 Taxation

In accordance with *Treasurer's Instruction 22 Tax Equivalent Payments*, the Trust is required to pay to the SA Government an income tax equivalent. The income tax liability has been determined in accordance with the accounting profit method by multiplying the corporate income tax rate (presently 30%) by the profit before income tax equivalents. An income tax equivalent of \$560,000 (2023-24 \$95,000) is payable for the reporting period.

The Trust is also liable for payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, stamp duty, goods and services tax (GST), emergency services levy and land tax equivalents. It is exempt from paying local government council rates.

The Trust is reimbursed under the State's Tax Equivalent Regime for payments made for income tax, payroll tax, land tax and stamp duty to support its continued commitment to its community service obligations. The Trust is reimbursed by the Department for Housing and Urban Development. The Trust was previously reimbursed by the Department for Trade and Investment. Reimbursements under the State Taxation Equivalent Regime are recognised as revenue in the Trust's financial statements.

## 1.4 Significant transactions with government related entities

Significant transactions with the SA Government are identifiable throughout this financial report. In addition:

- payments to SA Water of \$873,000 for utilities.
- payments to Department for Infrastructure and Transport of \$35,000, primarily for project administration support in relation to capital works.
- payments to Attorney-General's Department of \$52,000 for Crown Solicitor's Office legal advice
- total net loan repayments of \$535,000 to SAFA, all of which was on long term borrowings.
- Construction works reimbursed from SAPOL of \$1,949,000.

## 1.5 South Australia Police (SAPOL) Road Safety Centre (RSC) at West Beach Parks.

On 27 September 2022, the State Government announced that the new Women's and Children's Hospital would be built at Port Road, Adelaide on the site of the Thebarton Police Barracks. This decision required SAPOL to vacate the site in 2024, including the RSC which has been relocated to a new standalone facility on vacant government land administered by the West Beach Trust (the Trust) on Military Road, West Beach.

On 10 November 2023 the Treasurer, as lead Minister for the Thebarton Barracks Relocation Project, approved in accordance with Treasurer's Instruction 18 Procurement, for the Trust to manage the construction of the RSC utilising its own internal procurement framework. Accordingly, the asset is owned by SAPOL with the Trust managing the construction project and progressively paying the lead contractor (Partek) for confirmed works completed, upon verification from an independent Property and Construction Cost Consultant. The Trust then lodges a claim with SAPOL for the cost of the progress claim, with these funds being promptly reimbursed back to the Trust by SAPOL.

These financial statements reflect transactions in relation to the construction of the RSC (refer Notes 5.3, 5.6, 6.2 and 8.1).

This project was completed during September 2024.

## 2. Board, committees and employees

### 2.1 Key management personnel

Key management personnel of the Trust are the Minister for Planning, Members of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and the three (2023-24 three) members of the Executive Team who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the Trust. Total compensation for key management personnel was \$983,000 in 2024-2025 (\$941,000).

The compensation disclosed in this note excludes salaries and other benefits the Minister for Planning, Trade and Investment, Housing and Urban Development receives. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via the Department of Treasury and Finance) under section 6 of the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*.

	2025 \$'000	2024
		\$'000
Compensation		
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	860	847
Post-employment benefits	101	93
Other long-term employment benefits	22	1
Total compensation	983	941

Apart from the remuneration for key management personnel, there were no transactions with key management personnel or other related parties.

#### 2.2 Board and committee members

Members of the board during the 2024-2025 financial year were:

#### **WBT Board**

Ms Jane Jeffreys AM (Chair)

Mr Bruce Djite (Deputy Chair)

Ms Rebecca Abley

Ms Emily Perry (term expired 28 February 2025)

Mr Adrian Ralph

Ms Leesa Chesser

Ms Cynthia O'Rielley

Ms Elinor Walker (appointed 11 March 2025)

#### **Board Remuneration**

The number of Board members whose remuneration received or receivable from the Trust fell within the following bands was:

	2025	2024
\$1 - \$19,999	7	8
\$20,000 - \$39,999	1	1
Total number of members	8	9

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$105,000 (2023-24 \$101,000). Remuneration of members consists of sitting fees and superannuation contributions.

#### 3. Income

## 3.1 Fees and charges

	2025	2024 \$'000
	\$'000	
Accommodation revenue	16,417	15,775
Discounts allowed	(328)	(387)
Facilities and services	226	238
Golf income	4,848	4,611
Boat launching fees	65	67
Rental revenue	937	869
Sale of goods	751	534
Total fees and charges	22,916	21,707

All revenue from fees and charges is revenue recognised from contracts with customers, apart from rental revenue which is recognised as operating lease income.

Revenue from accommodation is recognised when goods and services are provided at either the Holiday Park or Retreat.

Revenue from Golf income includes green fees, driving range fees and Pro Shop sales. This income is recognised when the goods and services are provided. Revenue from golf income also includes a Playing Rights contribution from Westward Ho Golf Course members. This is paid to the Trust in advance and is initially recognised as a contract liability. Income is then recognised monthly consistent with the membership period.

Rental revenue is primarily derived from Tenants who have a ground lease. All Tenants are invoiced in advance per contract terms with income recognised consistent with the rental period.

The other major income source listed above is from the sale of goods, food and beverage sales from the Holiday Park Kiosk and Customer Service reception being the major component. This income is recognised when the sale of goods occurs.

Refer to note 5.3 for disclosure relating to contract balances included in receivables.

Refer to note 6.3 for disclosure relating to contract liabilities.

#### 3.2 Grants and subsidies

	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
SA Government grants and subsidies		
Planning and Development Fund - The Square	1,450	-
Planning and Development Fund - Environmental Initiative	59	-
Total grants and subsidies	1,509	-

The SA Government grants recorded above are based on terms and conditions which require any unspent portion of the grant funds at the end of the financial year to be recorded as Contract liability - Capital grants received to construct an asset, in accordance with the requirements of AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities.

#### Planning and Development Fund - The Square

This represents a co-contribution towards the construction of the new community asset The Square. The Square project commenced in July 2024 and was officially opened to the public on 12 December 2024. The entire grant has been recognised as revenue in 2024-25.

#### Planning and Development Fund - Environmental Initiative

This represents a co-contribution towards the construction of an Environmental Initiative. \$1.7 million of funding has been provided to date for this project. As at the reporting date, some preliminary design and architectural costs totalling \$59,000 have been incurred and recorded as revenue. The remaining \$1,641,000 of this grant is recorded as a Liability - Capital grant received to construct an asset.

## 3.3 Intra-government transfers

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Reimbursement of tax equivalents paid	1,618	1,059
Total intra-government transfers	1,618	1,059

Tax equivalents represent income tax, payroll tax, land tax and stamp duty. The Trust is reimbursed these amounts under the State's Tax Equivalent Regime. The Trust is reimbursed by the Department for Housing and Urban Development, with income recognised in conjunction with the related expenses.

#### 3.4 Other income

	2025	2024 \$'000
	\$'000	
Contributions received - non government	686	-
Employee cost reimbursements	-	3
Lessee on-charges	79	41
Other	195	227
Total other income	960	271

The contribution received was to part fund the replacement of the Football Centre synthetic grass pitch.

# 4. Expenses

## 4.1 Employee related expenses

·	2025	2024 \$'000
	\$'000	
Salaries and wages	8,342	7,709
Long service leave	169	204
Annual leave	537	535
Skills and experience retention leave	15	14
Employment on-costs - superannuation *	1,022	917
Board and committee fees	94	90
Payroll tax	471	431
Workers compensation	248	179
Other employee related expenses	29	29
Total employee related expenses	10,927	10,108

#### Employment on-costs - superannuation

#### Employee Remuneration

, ,	2025	2024
	No	No
The number of employees whose remuneration received falls within the following bands:		
\$172 001 to \$192 000	-	3
\$192 001 to \$212 000	3	-
\$272 001 to \$292 000	-	1
\$292 001 to \$312 000	1	-
Total number of employees	4	4

The total remuneration received by those employees for the year was \$879,000 (\$840,000). The table includes all employees who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

<sup>\*</sup> The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents the Trust's contributions to superannuation plans in respect of current services of current employees.

# 4.2 Supplies and services

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Bank fees and charges	173	145
Commissions payable	184	174
Consultants	331	225
Contractors	547	493
Cost of sales	775	662
Furnishings (low value)	146	280
Human resources and recruitment	197	139
Information technology expenses	489	447
Insurance	388	284
Legal costs	73	60
Marketing and public relations	735	556
Motor vehicle expenses	77	82
Short term leases	15	9
Plant and electrical appliances (low value)	46	78
Postage and telephone	59	71
Repairs and maintenance	1,523	1,357
Security	312	380
Staff training and development	60	87
Utilities	1,716	1,580
Waste and recycling	241	248
Other supplies and services	755	735
Total supplies and services	8,842	8,092

#### Insurance

The Trust has arranged, through SAFA Insurance to insure all of its major risks. The excess payable under this arrangement varies depending on each class of insurance held.

## 4.3 Expenditure - SA Business and Non-SA Business

The following table includes all expenditure in relation to contracts above \$55,000 (GST inclusive) resulting from a procurement as defined in Treasurer's Instructions 18 – Procurement (TI 18). Arrangements between public authorities and arrangements with other governments are not included.

Expenditure is inclusive of non-recoverable GST.

	2025 \$'000	Proportion SA and non-SA businesses
Total expenditure with South Australian businesses	11,116	91%
Total expenditure with non-South Australian businesses	1,103	9%
	12,219	100%

Classification as SA business or non-SA business is generally based on circumstances as at the time of entering into a contract. For contracts entered into before 20 February 2023, where sufficient evidence of an assessment made under previous procurement requirements is known to the Trust, this was used to determine classification. For contracts where such evidence of prior assessment is not available and for all other contracts, classification is based on the definition of an SA business provided in TI 18.

TI 18 defines a business as being South Australian where it operates in South Australia and more than 50% of the workforce delivering the contract resulting from the procurement on behalf of the business are South Australian residents.

The disclosure for expenditure with SA businesses reflects the total spent on contracts within the TI 18 definition and in some instances includes the cost of goods sourced from outside South Australia.

In many cases, the determination has been made on the basis of representations made by suppliers at a point in time which has not been subject to independent verification.

#### 4.4 Borrowing costs

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest expense on borrowings measured at amortised cost	286	268
Guarantee fees expense on borrowings measured at amortised cost	113	108
Interest expense on lease liabilities	32	36
Total borrowing costs	431	412

The Trust does not capitalise borrowing costs.

## 4.5 Net loss from the disposal of non-current assets

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Plant and equipment		
Proceeds from disposal	33	18
Less net book value of assets disposed	35	18
Net loss from disposal of plant and equipment	2	-
Total assets		
Total proceeds from disposal	33	18
Less total value of assets disposed	35	18
Total net loss from the disposal of non-current assets	2	-

Gains/losses on disposal are recognised at the date at which control of the asset is passed to the buyer and are determined after deducting the cost of the asset from the proceeds at that time. When revalued assets are sold, the revaluation surplus is not transferred to retained earnings.

## 4.6 Other expenses

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Audit fees	66	60
Bad debts and allowances for doubtful debts	1	15
Expensing of items previously classified as work in progress	3	27
Federal land tax equivalent	63	30
Property, plant and equipment write-offs	59	11
Rental write-back	-	36
Stamp duty	47	34
State land tax	539	498
Total other expenses	778	711

#### Audit fees

The audit fees were paid / payable to the Audit Office of South Australia in relation to the work performed under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*. No other services were provided by the Audit Office of South Australia.

## 5. Assets

#### 5.1 Financial assets

	2025 Carrying amount \$'000	2024 Carrying amount \$'000
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,366	816
Contractual receivables	206	955
Total financial assets	3,572	1,771

All financial assets are measured at amortised cost.

## 5.2 Cash and cash equivalents

	2025	2024	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash at bank or on hand	539	414	
Short-term deposits with SAFA	2,827	402	
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,366	816	

Cash is measured at nominal amounts. There are no restrictions over any of the Trust's cash balances.

Cash on hand is non-interest bearing. Cash at bank earns a floating interest rate, based on daily bank deposit rates.

## Short-term deposits

Short term deposits are lodged on an at call basis through the SAFA Cash Management Facility. These funds, which are guaranteed by the Treasurer, earn an interest rate which is aligned to the RBA official cash rate plus a margin determined by SAFA.

#### 5.3 Receivables

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Contractual receivables		
Receivables from the sale of goods and services	206	173
Progress claim relating to RSC construction	-	782
Less allowance for impairment loss on contractual receivables	-	-
Total contractual receivables	206	955
Statutory receivables		
Reimbursements for tax equivalents paid	636	167
Other statutory receivables	6	5
Total statutory receivables	642	172
Prepayments	181	97
Total receivables	1,029	1,224

All receivables are non-interest bearing. They are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows.

#### Contractual receivables

Contractual receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other government agencies and to the public. Contractual receivables are normally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement.

Other than as recognised in the allowance for impairment loss on contractual receivables, it is not anticipated that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand. There is no concentration of credit risk.

Refer to note 9.2 for further information on risk management.

#### Allowance for impairment loss on contractual receivables

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	-	-
Increase in allowance recognised in the profit or loss	1	15
Amounts written off	(1)	(15)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	-	-

Impairment losses relate to contracts with customers external to SA Government.

Refer to note 9.2 for details regarding credit risk and the methodology for determining impairment.

#### Statutory receivables

Statutory receivables do not arise from contracts with customers. They are related to taxes and equivalents as well as statutory fees and charges. Statutory receivables are recognised and measured similarly to contractual receivables. Statutory receivables are not financial assets.

The net amount of GST receivable is included as a part of statutory receivables.

No impairment loss was recognised in relation to statutory receivables.

#### 5.4 Inventories

	2025	2024 \$'000	
	\$'000		
Current - held for distribution at no or nominal amount			
Materials at cost	2	6	
Total current inventories held for distribution at no or nominal amount	2	6	
Current - held for sale			
Goods at cost	105	114	
Total current other inventories - held for sale	105	114	
Total inventories	107	120	

Inventories held for distribution, at no or nominal consideration, are measured at cost and adjusted when applicable for any loss of service potential. Inventories held for sale are measured at the lower of cost or their net realisable value.

Cost for inventory is measured on the basis of the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value is determined using the estimated sales proceeds less costs incurred in marketing, selling and distribution to customers.

#### Cost of inventories

The cost recognised as an expense for materials and goods for resale is \$775,000. There was a net decrease in inventories for the period of \$13,000.

## 5.5 Depreciation and amortisation

The depreciation expenses for property, plant and equipment are presented in Note 5.6. The amortisation expenses for intangible assets are presented in Note 5.9.

All non-current assets, having a limited useful life, are systematically depreciated/amortised over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of their service potential.

#### Useful Life

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated on a straight-line basis. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets depreciation and amortisation are calculated over the estimated useful life as follows:

Class of asset	Useful life (years)	
Buildings and improvements	1 to 100	
Plant and equipment	1 to 30	
Right-of-use land	15	
Right-of-use plant and equipment	5	
Intangibles	3 to 10	

#### Review of accounting estimates

Assets' residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, on an annual basis. Changes in the expected life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

The Trust revalued its buildings and improvements upward at 30 June 2025. Future depreciation expense will increase by approximately \$240,000 as a result.

## 5.6 Property, plant and equipment by asset class

Property, plant and equipment comprises tangible assets owned and right-of-use (leased) assets. The assets presented below do not meet the definition of investment property.

	Land \$'000	Buildings and improvements \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Right-of-use - Land \$'000	Right-of-use - Plant & Equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Gross carrying amount	83,783	116,773	9,573	307	1,067	234	211,737
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(50,344)	(6,456)	-	(393)	(98)	(57,291)
Carrying amount	83,783	66,429	3,117	307	674	136	154,446
Reconciliation 2024-2025							
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	76,514	60,322	3,160	757	646	183	141,582
Acquisitions	-	4,716	831	2,149	-	-	7,696
Transfers from Work in progress	-	607	40	(647)	-	-	-
Transfers to another agency	-	-	-	(1,949)	-	-	(1,949)
Disposals eg sales, write offs	-	(59)	(35)	(3)	-	-	(97)
Revaluation inc/(dec)	7,269	3,983	-	-	-	-	11,252
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-	97	-	97
Depreciation	-	(3,140)	(879)	-	(69)	(47)	(4,135)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	83,783	66,429	3,117	307	674	136	154,446
Reconciliation 2023-2024							
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	54,909	34,170	3,112	2,733	710	174	95,808
Acquisitions	-	3,818	961	3,671	-	57	8,507
Transfers from Work in progress	-	2,680	26	(2,706)	-	-	-
Transfers to another agency	-	-	-	(2,914)	-	-	(2,914)
Transfers between asset classes	-	66	(78)	-	-	-	(12)
Disposals eg sales, write offs	_	(11)	(18)	(27)	-	_	(56)
Revaluation inc/(dec)	21,605	22,004	-	-	-	-	43,609
Depreciation	-	(2,405)	(843)	-	(64)	(48)	(3,360)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	76,514	60,322	3,160	757	646	183	141,582

### 5.7 Property, plant and equipment owned by the Trust

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Trust with a value equal to or in excess of \$1,000 is capitalised.

Non-current assets are initially recorded at cost or at the value of any liabilities assumed, plus any incidental cost involved with the acquisition. Non-current assets are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation.

Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### Impairment

The Trust holds its property, plant and equipment for their service potential. There were no indications of impairment of property, plant and equipment assets as at 30 June 2025.

## 5.8 Property, plant and equipment leased by the Trust

Property, plant and equipment leased by the Trust is recorded at cost.

Short-term leases of 12 months or less and low value leases where the underlying asset value is less than \$15,000 are not recognised as right-of-use assets. The associated lease payments are recognised as an expense and are disclosed in note 4.2.

The Trust has a limited number of leases:

- a parcel of land, in accordance with a lease that commenced on 9 July 2014 and expires on 30 June 2034. The right-of-use asset is being depreciated over a useful life of 15 years which is consistent with the remaining term of this lease from the initial recognition in accordance with AASB 16 Leases on 1 July 2019.
- trackman golf driving range equipment and hardware, in accordance with an agreement that requires 60 monthly rental payments commencing 1 June 2023 and expiring 30 May 2028. At the end of the lease term the Trust will take ownership of the trackman golf driving range equipment and hardware. The right-of-use asset has been assessed as having a 5 year useful life for depreciation expense purposes.

The lease liabilities related to the right-of-use assets are disclosed in note 6.4. The Trust's maturity analysis of its lease liabilities is disclosed in note 9.2. Expenses related to leases, including depreciation and interest expenses, are disclosed in note 5.6 and note 4.4. Cash outflows related to leases are disclosed in note 7.2.

#### Impairment

Property, plant and equipment leased by the Trust have been assessed for impairment. There was no indication of impairment. No impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss was recognised.

## 5.9 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. Intangible assets are measured at cost and are tested for indications of impairment at each reporting date. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The acquisition of computer software is capitalised only when the expenditure meets the definition and recognition criteria and when the amount of the expenditure is equal to or in excess of \$1,000.

	Purchased computer software \$'000	Total \$'000
Gross carrying amount	935	935
Accumulated Amortisation	(804)	(804)
Carrying amount	131	131
Reconciliation 2024-2025		
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	179	179
Amortisation	(48)	(48)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	131	131
Reconciliation 2023-2024		
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	132	132
Acquisitions	78	78
Transfers from Work in progress	12	12
Amortisation	(43)	(43)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	179	179

# 6. Liabilities

## 6.1 Financial liabilities

	2025 amount \$'000	2024 amount \$'000
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Contractual payables	599	947
Borrowings from SA Government	9,090	8,124
Lease liabilities	880	924
Other financial liabilities	25	25
Total financial liabilities	10,594	10,020

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

## 6.2 Payables

•	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Current	·	·
Contractual payables		
Contractual payables	599	947
Accrued expenses	199	1,073
Total contractual payables	798	2,020
Statutory payables		
GST payable	463	219
Payments for tax equivalents	560	95
Other statutory payables	63	66
Total statutory payables	1,086	380
Total payables	1,884	2,400

Payables and accrued expenses are recognised for all amounts owing but unpaid. All payables are non-interest bearing.

## **Contractual payables**

Contractual payables are normally settled within 15 days from the date the invoice is first received.

## Statutory payables

Statutory payables do not arise from contracts. Statutory payables include government taxes and equivalents as well as statutory fees and charges.

#### 6.3 Contract liabilities

	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Current	·	
Contract liabilities	2,245	1,798
Capital grants received to construct an asset	1,641	-
Total contract liabilities	3,886	1,798

Contract liabilities relate to monies received in advance for goods and services, for which revenue is recognised when the good and services are provided. It includes accommodation deposits and booking payments, annual golf membership playing rights and annual boat launch permit fees collected in advance. The advance portion of any payment of lease and licence fees for use of parcels of land and buildings across the precinct is also included.

Contract liabilities as at the 30 June 2025 have increased relative to the previous balance date due to the timing of Westward Ho Golf Course member playing rights contributions.

It has been assessed that any advance payments for goods, services, leases and licences being received beyond one year would be minimal. On this basis, it is appropriate to classify the entire amount as a current liability and assume that revenue totalling \$1,798,000 was recognised in 2024-25 that was included in contract liabilities as at 30 June 2024.

As reflected in Note 3.2, the unspent portion of a co-contribution towards an Environmental Initiative is reflected in the Capital grants received to construct an asset. It is anticipated that the unspent portion of the grant will be fully spent during 2025-26.

#### Expected realisation of contract liabilities as revenue

	2025-26	TOTAL
Contract liabilities	\$'000	\$'000
Liabilities from contracts with customers and tenants, included in 'Payables'	2,245	2,245
Capital grants received to construct an asset	1,641	1,641
Total contract liabilities	3,886	3,886

#### 6.4 Other Financial liabilities

	2025	2024 \$'000
	\$'000	
Current		
Borrowings from SA Government	639	439
Lease liabilities	115	112
Total current financial liabilities	754	551
Non-current		
Borrowings from SA Government	8,451	7,685
Lease liabilities	765	812
Lessee security deposits	25	25
Total non-current financial liabilities	9,241	8,522
Total financial liabilities	9,995	9,073

The Trust measures financial liabilities including borrowings/debt at amortised cost. All interest bearing liabilities have been sourced from the SA Government Financing Authority.

All material cash outflows are reflected in the lease liabilities disclosed above.

#### Borrowings from SA Government

These are unsecured loans which do bear interest. The terms of the loans including repayment periods are contained in the Treasurer's approval of the loans.

The Trust has a \$9,090,000 (2023-24 \$8,124,000) loan facility with the South Australian Government Financing Authority. This amount excludes \$1.25m in approved loan funding for the purpose of building a new Toddler Pool/Splash Pad at the West Beach Parks Holiday Park. It is anticipated that this amount will be fully drawn down during 2025-26.

The Trust has a \$2,500,000 (2023-24 \$2,500,000) working capital facility with the South Australian Government Financing Authority. As at 30 June 2025 there were no drawings on this facility (2032-24 \$Nil).

### 6.5 Employee related liabilities

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Accrued salaries and wages	291	224
Annual leave	380	372
Long service leave	111	95
Skills and experience retention leave	29	24
Employment on costs	146	126
Total current employee related liabilities	957	841
Non-current		
Long service leave	726	739
Employment on costs	84	85
Total non-current employee related liabilities	810	824
Total employee related liabilities	1,767	1,665

Employee related liabilities are accrued as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Long-term employee related liabilities are measured at present value and short-term employee related liabilities are measured at nominal amounts.

#### Salaries and Wages. Annual Leave, Skills and Experience Retention Leave (SERL) and Sick Leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability and the Skills and Experience Retention Leave liability in full is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

No provision has been made for sick leave as all sick leave is non-vesting and the average sick leave taken in future years by employees is estimated to be less than the annual entitlement for sick leave.

#### Long Service Leave

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The expected timing and amount of long service leave payments is determined through whole-of-government actuarial calculations, which are based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over SA Government entities.

The discount rate used in measuring the liability is reflective of the yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds of 4.25% is consistent with 2024. As a result, there is no net financial effect resulting from movements in the bond yields.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance left the salary inflation rate at 3.5% for long service leave liability. As a result, there is no net financial effect resulting from changes in the salary inflation rate.

The portion of estimated long service leave that is classified as current is based on an assessment of the pattern of leave taken or paid out over the last 10 years.

#### **Employment on-costs**

Employment on-costs include payroll tax, ReturnToWorkSA levies and superannuation contributions and are settled when the respective employee benefits that they relate to are discharged. These on-costs primarily relate to the balance of leave owing to employees. Estimates as to the proportion of long service leave estimated to be taken as leave, rather than paid on termination, affects whether certain on-costs are recognised as a consequence of long service leave liabilities.

The Trust contributes to several State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance, the proportion of long service leave taken as leave has remained at 44% but the average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation cost oncosts has changed from the 2024 rate (11.5%) to 12%. These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation. The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year is an increase in the employment on-cost of \$5,000. The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate.

# 7. Other disclosures

# 7.1 Equity

The asset revaluation surplus is used to record increments and decrements in the fair value of property and plant and equipment to the extent that they offset one another. Relevant amounts are not transferred to retained earnings when an asset is derecognised.

## 7.2 Cash flow

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to Profit (loss) after		
income tax equivalents		
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,914	3,726
Add/less non-cash items		
Depreciation and amortisation expense of non-current assets	(4,183)	(3,403)
Gain/loss on sale or disposal of non-current assets	(2)	-
Increments/decrements on revaluation of non-current assets	30	-
Expensing of items previously classified as work in progress	(3)	(27)
Property, plant and equipment write-offs	(59)	(11)
Movement in assets and liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in receivables	(195)	729
Increase/(decrease) in inventories	(13)	23
(Increase)/decrease in payables	11	(774)
(Increase)/decrease in contract liabilities	(2,088)	206
(Increase)/decrease in employee benefits	(102)	(247)
Profit (loss) after income tax equivalents	1,310	222

Total cash outflows for leases was \$136,000 (2024: \$136,000).

#### 8. Outlook

## 8.1 Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments include operating, capital and outsourcing arrangements arising from contractual or statutory sources and are disclosed at their nominal value.

#### Capital commitments

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	502	1,876
Total capital commitments	502	1,876

The capital commitments include amounts relating to Cabin upgrade works at both the Holiday Park and Retreat and Wi-Fi upgrade works at the Holiday Park.

The prior year capital commitments included amounts relating to the construction of new Cabins at the Holiday Park, entry statement signage on Africaine Road and playground equipment associated with a new all-access community facility called The Square at West Beach Parks. In addition, capital commitments relating to the construction of the SAPOL Road Safety Centre were included.

#### Operating leases receivable

	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Commitments in relation to operating lease income contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as assets are receivable as follows:	¥ ***	<del> </del>
Within one year	856	863
Later than one year but not longer than five years	2,557	2,430
Later than five years	6,703	6,369
Total operating leases receivable	10,116	9,662

The above table sets out a maturity analysis of operating lease payments receivable, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date. These amounts are not recognised as assets.

All operating leases receivable are from entities external to the SA government, and are for parcels of land and buildings leased to various sporting organisations and commercial operators.

Rental revenue from operating leases is included in Note 3.1.

#### 8.2 Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value.

The Trust is not aware of any material contingent assets and liabilities.

## 8.3 Impacts of standards and statements not yet effective

The Trust has assessed the impact of new and changed Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet effective. The Trust does not expect a material impact on the financial statements from the adoption of these standards when they become effective.

No Australian Accounting Standards have been early adopted.

## 8.4 Events after the reporting period

The Trust is not aware of any events after the end of the reporting period that will have a material financial impact.

#### 9. Measurement and risk

#### 9.1 Fair value

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, in the principal or most advantageous market, at the measurement date.

#### Initial recognition

Non-current assets are initially recorded at cost or at the value of any liabilities assumed, plus any incidental cost involved with the acquisition. Non-current assets are subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation.

Where assets are acquired at no value, or minimal value, they are recorded at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### Revaluation

Property, plant and equipment, other than right-of-use assets, is subsequently measured at fair value after allowing for accumulated depreciation.

The current policy of the Trust is that land, buildings and improvements will be revalued by an external professionally qualified valuer every 5 years. An independent valuation was undertaken as at 30 June 2024 in line with this policy. In addition, there is an obligation to determine whether there is a possibility that the carrying amount of these assets is materially different to the fair value each year for financial reporting purposes to ensure compliance with AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment. As referenced below, a separate desktop valuation of land and buildings and improvements was performed as at 30 June 2025 by a Certified Practising Valuer from Public Private Property Pty Ltd.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The Trust classifies fair value measurement using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements, based on the data and assumptions used in the most recent revaluation.

- Level 1 traded in active markets and is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at measurement date.
- Level 2 not traded in an active market and are derived from inputs (inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 not traded in an active market and are derived from unobservable inputs.

The Trust's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

All property, plant and equipment of the Trust are categorised in Level 3.

#### Land and buildings and improvements

An independent valuation of land, buildings and improvements was undertaken in the period March to April 2024 by a Certified Practising Valuer from Public Private Property Pty Ltd, as at 30 June 2024.

Fair value of land was determined using the market approach by reference to the best available market transactions, noting however the unique characteristics of the subject land requiring the making of adjustments to take account of restrictions in use and other factors (statutory restrictions, special zoning, and reclaimed land).

Separate desktop valuations of land and buildings and improvements were performed as at 30 June 2025 by a Certified Practising Valuer from Public Private Property Pty Ltd.

The fair value of land was based on the Valuer-General's average site value percentage change for the period 30 June 2024 to 30 June 2025. As this figure is calculated at the submarket-group level, rather than for individual parcels, it has been assessed to provide a suitably broad and objective basis for desktop land valuation purposes.

The fair value of buildings and improvements was determined using the cost approach due to the lack of an active market. The current replacement cost considered the need for ongoing provision of government services, specialised nature and restricted use of the assets, their size, condition, and location.

The valuation used estimates about construction materials that would be required to replace the buildings, information about current construction costs were derived from [building costs guides / internal records such as recent tender documents, construction invoices etc.] and the estimated useful life due to age and condition of the building.

As a result of current market conditions, the 2025 desktop valuation has resulted in an increase to the valuation of land, buildings and improvements. The financial impact of the increase is reflected in these financial statements.

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment acquisitions have been recognised at cost. The carrying value of plant and equipment is deemed to approximate fair value. These assets are classified in level 3 as there has been no subsequent adjustments to their value, except for management assumptions about the assets condition and remaining useful life.

#### 9.2 Financial Instruments

#### Financial risk management

Risk is managed by the application of the West Beach Trust Risk Management Framework.

The Trust's exposure to financial risk (liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk) is low due to the nature of the financial instruments held.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises where the Trust is unable to meet its financial obligations as they are due to be settled. The Board, Executive and Senior Management are responsible for monitoring and ensuring its operations are prudently maintained. Liquidity is managed on a daily basis and monthly reports are submitted to the Board, Executive and Senior Management and the Department of Treasury and Finance. The Trust generally settles undisputed accounts within 15 days from the date of invoice or the date the invoice is first received. In the event of a dispute, payment is generally made 15 days from resolution.

An assessment of liquidity risk has been undertaken by the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager Corporate Services and based on past experience and knowledge of seasonal trends, management is confident that the Trust will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Cash flow updates are included in the Trust's Board papers provided to Board members monthly.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility of the Trust's debtors defaulting on their contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Trust. The Trust measures credit risk on a fair value basis and monitors risk on a regular basis.

The Trust has minimal concentration of credit risk. The Trust has policies and procedures in place to ensure that transactions occur with customers with appropriate credit history. The Trust does not engage in high risk hedging for its financial assets.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Loss allowances for receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss using the simplified approach in AASB 9. The Trust uses an allowance matrix to measure the expected credit loss of receivables from non-government debtors which comprise a large number of small balances.

To measure the expected credit losses, receivables are grouped based on shared risks characteristics and the days past due. When estimating expected credit loss, the Trust considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Trust's historical experience and informed credit assessment, including forward-looking information.

The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Trust is exposed to credit risk.

The expected credit loss of government debtors is considered to be nil based on the external credit ratings and nature of the counterparties.

Impairment losses are presented as net impairment losses within net result, subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the failure of a debtor to enter into a payment plan with the Trust and a failure to make contractual payments within a reasonable time frame.

There were no receivables written off during the year that are still subject to enforcement activity.

The Trust considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties and therefore the expected credit loss is nil.

#### Market risk

The Trust does not trade in foreign currency, nor enter into transactions for speculative purposes, nor for hedging.

Exposure to interest rate risk may arise through its interest bearing liabilities, including borrowings. The Trust's interest bearing liabilities are managed through the South Australian Government Financing Authority (SAFA) and any movement in interest rates are monitored on a regular basis. There is no exposure to foreign currency or other price risks.

There have been no changes in risk exposure since the last reporting period.

#### Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the material accounting policy information and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset / financial liability note.

#### Classification of financial instruments

The Trust measures all financial instruments at amortised cost.

	2025 Carrying	2025 Contractual maturities		urities
	amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000
Financial assets				_
Cash and equivalent				
Cash and cash equivalent	3,366	3,366	-	-
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Contractual receivables	206	206	-	
Total financial assets	3,572	3,572	-	
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Contractual payables	599	599	-	-
Borrowings	9,090	639	2,716	5,735
Lease liabilities	880	115	402	363
Lessee security deposits  Total financial liabilities	25 10,594	1,353	3,118	25 6,123
Total linancial liabilities	10,594	1,333	3,110	0,123
	2024	2024 C	ontractual matu	ırities
	2024 Carrying	2024 C	ontractual matu	
	_			More than 5
	Carrying amount/Fair value	Within 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
	Carrying amount/Fair			More than 5
Financial assets	Carrying amount/Fair value	Within 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent	Carrying amount/Fair value	Within 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost Contractual receivables	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000 816 955	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost Contractual receivables	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000 816 955	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost Contractual receivables Total financial assets  Financial liabilities	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000	Within 1 year \$'000 816 955	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost Contractual receivables Total financial assets  Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost Contractual payables Borrowings	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000  816  955  1,771	Within 1 year \$'000 816 955 1,771	1-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost Contractual receivables Total financial assets  Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost Contractual payables Borrowings Lease liabilities	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000  816  955  1,771	Within 1 year \$'000 816 955 1,771	1-5 years \$'000 - - -	More than 5 years \$'000
Cash and equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Financial assets at amortised cost Contractual receivables Total financial assets  Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost Contractual payables Borrowings	Carrying amount/Fair value \$'000  816  955  1,771	Within 1 year \$'000 816 955 1,771	1-5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000

<sup>\*</sup>Maturities analysis is presented using the undiscounted cash flows and therefore may not total to equal the carrying amount/fair value of the financial instrument.

#### Receivables and payables

The receivable and payable amounts disclosed here exclude amounts relating to statutory receivables and payables (e.g. Commonwealth and State taxes, fees and charges). In government, certain rights to receive or pay cash may not be contractual and therefore in these situations, the requirements will not apply. Where rights or obligations have their source in legislation such as levy receivables/payables, tax equivalents, commonwealth tax etc they would be excluded from the disclosure. The standard defines contract as enforceable by law. All amounts are carried at cost.

The receivables amount disclosed here excludes prepayments. Prepayments are not financial assets as defined in AASB 132 as the future economic benefit of these assets is the receipt of goods and services rather than the right to receive cash or another financial asset.