#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Level 9 State Administration Centre 200 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000

Tel +618 8226 9640

ABN 53 327 061 410 enquiries@audit.sa.gov.au www.audit.sa.gov.au

## To the Presiding Member Kangaroo Island Landscape Board

## **Opinion**

I have audited the financial report of the Kangaroo Island Landscape Board (the Board) for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Board as at 30 June 2025, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures.

## The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2025
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025
- notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Presiding Member and the General Manager.

## **Basis for opinion**

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Board. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

## Responsibilities of the General Manager and the Board for the financial report

The General Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and the Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the General Manager is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 38(2) of the *Landscape South Australia Act 2019*, I have audited the financial report of the Board for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my
opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the General Manager
- conclude on the appropriateness of the General Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the General Manager and the Presiding Member about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Daniel O'Donohue

**Deputy Auditor-General** 

28 November 2025

# **Kangaroo Island Landscape Board**

# **Financial Statements**

For the year ended 30 June 2025

# Kangaroo Island Landscape Board Certification of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## We certify that the:

- financial statements for the Kangaroo Island Landscape Board (the Board):
  - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the Board;
  - comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions;
  - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
  - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Board at the end of the financial year and the result of its operation and cash flows for the financial year.
- internal controls employed by the Board for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of financial statements have been effective.

Andrew Heinrich

**Presiding Member** 

2(November 2025

Will Durack

General Manager

Kangaroo Island Landscape Board

%November 2025

# Kangaroo Island Landscape Board Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Income			
Landscape Levies	3.1	473	446
Intra-government transfers	3.2	1 325	1 893
Grants and subsidies	3.3	4 743	3 544
Interest revenues		183	202
Other income	3.4	274	96
Total income		6 998	6 181
Expenses			
Employee related expenses	4.1	3 485	2 862
Supplies and services	4.2	2 800	3 727
Grants and subsidies	4.3	245	334
Depreciation	5.4	184	182
Borrowing Costs		15	16
Other expenses	4.4	47	46
Total expenses		6 776	7 167
Net result		222	(986)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

# Kangaroo Island Landscape Board Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5.1	3 870	3 651
Receivables	5.2	793	1 619
Total current assets	_	4 663	5 270
Non-current assets			
Receivables	5.2	-	1
Property, plant and equipment	5.4	308	523
Total non-current assets		308	524
Total assets		4 971	5 794
O			
Current liabilities	6.1	170	972
Payables Other financial liabilities	6.2	84	159
Employee related liabilities	6.3	245	260
Provisions	6.4	5	7
Other liabilities	6.5	-	28
Total current liabilities		504	1 426
Non-current liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	6.2	118	302
Employee related liabilities	6.3	311	246
Provisions	6.4	24	28
Total non-current liabilities	_	453	576
Total liabilities	_	957	2 002
Net assets	=	4 014	3 792
Equity			
Retained earnings		4 014	3 792
Total equity		4 014	3 792

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

# Kangaroo Island Landscape Board Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	Retained earnings \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2023	_	4 778	4 778
Net loss for 2023-24  Total comprehensive result for 2023-24	-	(986) <b>(986)</b>	(986) (986)
Balance at 30 June 2024	_	3 792	3 792
Net loss for 2024-25  Total comprehensive result for 2024-25		222 222	222 222
Balance at 30 June 2025	_	4 014	4 014

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

# Kangaroo Island Landscape Board Statement of Cash flows

for the year ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash inflows			
Landscape levies		536	272
Intra-government transfers		1 325	1 893
Grants		5 506	3 860
Interest received		183	205
GST recovered from DEW		201	163
Other receipts		285	112
<u>Cash outflows</u>			
Employee related payments		(3 440)	(2 949)
Supplies and services		(3 814)	(3 605)
Grants and subsidies		(270)	(367)
Interest paid		(15)	(16)
Other payments		(50)	(45)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	_	447	(477)
Cash flows from investing activities			
<u>Cash outflows</u>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(63)	_
Net cash used in investing activities		(63)	-
Cash flows from financing activities			
<u>Cash outflows</u>			
Repayment of leases		(165)	(167)
Cash used in financing activities		(165)	(167)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(165)	(167)
	= = =	, ,	, , ,
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	219	(644)
Cash at the beginning of the period		3 651	4 295
Cash at the end of the period	5.1	3 870	3 651

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 1. About the Kangaroo Island Landscape Board

The Kangaroo Island Landscape Board (the Board) was established 1 July 2020 as a not for profit statutory authority pursuant to the *Landscape South Australia Act 2019* (The Landscape Act).

The Kangaroo Island Landscape Plan 2021-2026 was adopted by the Minister for Climate, Environment and Water under section 50 of the *Landscape South Australia Act 2019* in June 2021. The Board operates under an annual Business Plan which aligns to the Landscape Plan for implementation in each financial year. The Business Plan identifies the boards expected revenue and investment in priorities for management of landscapes in the region as detailed in note 1.2.

In 2023, the Board entered into a three-year Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the Department for Environment and Water (DEW) from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2026. This facilitated the delivery of corporate support services to the Board to ensure it is able to meet its governance and financial management statutory requirements in delivering its business.

The financial statements and accompanying notes include all the controlled activities of the Board.

## 1.1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards applying simplified disclosures.

The financial statements have been prepared based on a 12 month period and presented in Australian currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000). The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Assets that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal 12 month operating cycle have been classified as current assets. Liabilities that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period or for which the Board has no right to defer the settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period are classified as current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Material accounting policies are set out throughout the notes.

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation
  Office (ATO), in which case GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the
  expense item applicable
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The Board is grouped with the Department for Environment and Water (DEW) for GST purposes, and accordingly DEW prepares the Business Activity Statement on behalf of the Board via the grouping provisions of the GST legislation. Notwithstanding the use of these grouping provisions, intercompany cash alignment occurs to ensure the Board either recovers the net amount of GST recoverable from or disburses the amount payable to the ATO from DEW.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 1.2. Objectives and priorities

## Board's objectives

The functions of the Board under section 25(1) of the Landscape Act include to:

- a) Undertake and promote the management of natural resources within its region
- b) Prepare a regional landscape plan and water allocation plans, landscapes affecting activities control policies and water affecting activities control policies, and
- c) Promote public awareness and understanding of the importance of integrated and sustainable natural resources management within its region

## **Board priorities**

The Kangaroo Island Business Plan 2024-25 sets out the Boards investment in five priorities:

#### Community

• This priority focuses on a connected community at the centre of decision making

#### **Biodiversity**

· This priority focuses on healthy terrestrial and marine ecosystems and biodiversity

## **Economy**

• This priority focuses on sustainable primary production and the island's economy

#### Water

• This priority focuses on effective water management

#### **Pests**

• This priority focuses on effective terrestrial and marine pest management

The Board invests in and delivers a suite of programs across the region to achieve the priorities and focus areas. The table on the following page presents expenses and income attributable to each priority.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 1.2. Objectives and priorities (continued)

## Expenses and income by priorities

	Commu	nity	Biodiver	sity	Econor	ny	Water	•	Pests	3	Tot	al
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Income												
Landscape Levies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	473	446	473	446
Intra-government transfers	1 325	1 293	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	550	1 325	1 893
Grants and subsidies	539	608	664	592	849	588	-	6	2 598	1 750	4 650	3 544
Interest*	36	40	36	40	37	40	37	41	37	41	183	202
Other income	14	5	113	90	60	-	5	1	175		367	96
Total income	1 914	1 946	813	722	946	678	42	48	3 283	2 787	6 998	6 181
Expenses												
Employee related expenses*	1 270	1 459	693	520	365	172	116	132	1 041	579	3 485	2 862
Supplies and services*	442	783	238	511	531	637	31	45	1 558	1 751	2 800	3 727
Grants and subsidies	51	84	84	-	85	176	-	-	25	74	245	334
Depreciation*	86	79	47	46	17	19	17	19	17	19	184	182
Borrowing costs*	6	7	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	16
Other expenses	47	46	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	47	46
Total expenses	1 902	2 458	1 068	1 083	999	1 005	165	197	2 642	2 424	6 776	7 167
Net result	12	(512)	(255)	(361)	(53)	(327)	(123)	(149)	641	363	222	(986)

<sup>\*</sup>A portion of employee related expenses, supplies and services, depreciation, borrowing costs and interest are allocated equally to each priority.

The Board has determined that assets and liabilities cannot be reliably attributed to individual priorities.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

#### 2. Board and committees

#### 2.1. Key management personnel

Key management personnel of the Board includes the Minister for Climate, Environment and Water, the Presiding Member, members and the General Manager who have responsibility for the strategic direction and management of the Board.

The total compensation for the Board's key management personnel was \$259 000 in 2024-25 and \$227 000 in 2023-24.

The compensation disclosed in this note excludes salaries and other benefits the Minister receives. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account under section 6 of the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*.

#### Transactions with key management personnel and other related parties

Apart from the remuneration for key management personnel, the Board does not have material transactions with key management personnel, their close family members and/or their controlled or jointly controlled entities.

#### 2.2. Board and committee members

Members during the 2024-25 financial year were:

The E	3oard
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A Heinrich (Presiding Member)

B J Cooper

P K Davis

G J Flanagan

J A Gellard

D L Laslett

D Pledge

P D Rismiller

H Groffen

## Water Policy Committee

G J Flanagan

D L Laslett

P D Rismiller

M Pengilly

P Cooper

C Pratt

A Childs

A Heinrich (ex-officio)

## Finance, Audit & Risk Committee

J A Gellard

G J Flanagan

D J Male

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 2.2. Board and committee members (continued)

#### Board and committee remuneration

The number of members whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands:

	2025	2024
	No.	No.
\$0	5	4
\$1 - \$19 999	8	7
\$20 000 - \$39 999	1_	11
Total number of members	14	12

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$56 000 (2024: \$52 000). Remuneration of members reflects all costs of performing Board, Group and Committee member duties including sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits, and any related FBT paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

For the purpose of this table, travel allowances and other out-of-pocket expenses paid to members have not been included as remuneration as it is considered to be reimbursement of direct out-of-pocket expenses incurred by relevant members. These expenses, in addition to the payroll tax amount to \$11 000 (2024: \$9 000).

#### 3. Income

#### 3.1. Landscape levies

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Landscape Levy collected within council areas	473	446
Total Landscape Levies	473	446

Landscape levies are collected under Part 5 of the Landscape Act and are received into the Landscape Administration Fund (LAF). The LAF is administered by DEW and funds are transferred to the Board from DEW.

The Board declares contributions by councils under Section 66 of the Landscape Act for the relevant financial year by notice in the Board Annual Business Plan. Revenue is recognised when the invoice is raised at the beginning of the levy period to which they relate.

#### 3.2. Intra-government transfers

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
State Government recurrent funding	1 325	1 893
Total Intra-government transfers	1 325	1 893

DEW receives recurrent funding, which is administered through the Landscape Administration fund and provided to regional landscape Boards to support business operation and the administration of the Landscape Act. The funding is subsequently paid to regional landscape boards pursuant to subsection 90(4) of the Landscape Act.

Intra-government transfers are recognised as income when the Board obtains control of the asset which is on receipt.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

3.3. Grants and subsidies		
	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Commonwealth-sourced grants		
Regional Delivery Partnerships Program *	2 679	1 419
Carbon Farming Outreach Program	500	344
Regional Land Partnerships Program **	-	500
Other Commonwealth grants		242
Total Commonwealth-sourced grants	3 179	2 505
SA Government grants and subsidies		
Landscape Priorities Fund	807	426
Other SA Government grants	119	-
Department for Infrastructure and Transport	34	17
Total SA Government grants and subsidies	960	443
Sundry grants	604	596
Total grants and subsidies	4 743	3 544

The Board has determined that the grant income included in the table above under AASB 1058 has been earned under arrangements that are either not enforceable and/or not linked to sufficiently specific performance obligations.

Income from grants without any sufficiently specific performance obligations, or that are not enforceable, is recognised when the Board has an unconditional right to receive cash. For SA Government grants and subsidies, this usually coincides with receipt of cash.

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
* Regional Delivery Partnerships Program funding consists of the		
following components		
Feral pig eradication	400	400
Regional Capacity Services	310	301
Improving the condition of Kangaroo Island	1 382	290
Emergency Response Plan	-	250
Feral cat eradication	297	175
Sustainable Agriculture Facilitator	202	3
Farming towards the future	88	_
Total Regional Delivery Partnerships funding	2 679	1 419

From 1 July 2023, the Department of Climate Change, Energy, Environment and Water under a panel agreement, appointed regional delivery partners to deliver on-ground environmental protection, sustainable agriculture and natural resource management activities across Australia. Funding for these services is provided from the Natural Heritage Trust. The Kangaroo Island Landscape Board was appointed as a delivery partner administering approved programs and projects under the agreement within the Kangaroo Island region.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 3.3. Grants and subsidies (continued)

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
** Regional Land Partnerships Program funding consists of the following		
components		
Feral cat eradication		500
Total Regional Land Partnerships funding	-	500

The Regional Land Partnership was funded by the Australian Government over five years from 2019 to 2023. The funding was provided to support vital on-ground environment and agriculture projects that offer benefits to the environment, farms and communities. However, in 2023-24, the Board received additional funds from the Australian Government for the Feral cat eradication project. This project concluded in 2023-24.

The Board has determined that the Commonwealth funding included in the tables above are accounted for under AASB 1058. Commonwealth funding is generally paid in arrears, subject to an approved declaration of claim by the Board. The Board has determined that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive a portion of the funding under AASB 9 when a claim is submitted, as it has satisfied the eligibility criteria and expects that the claim will be accepted. Accordingly, revenue and a receivable are recognised when the claim is submitted. When Commonwealth funding is paid in advance it is recognised on receipt.

#### 3.4. Other income

Total other income	274	96
Other revenue	11	1_
Sale of goods	112	90
Sponsorship	151	5
	\$'000	\$'000
	2025	2024

Other income includes revenue generated from the sales of goods such as native plants and associated equipment. The revenue is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customer, which is in arrears, therefore no contract liability is recognised.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 4. Expenses

## 4.1. Employee related expenses

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and wages	2 602	2 159
Superannuation	335	266
Annual leave	255	203
Other employee related expenses	170	141
Long service leave	69	54
Board and committee fees	52	47
Skills and experience retention leave	7	4
Workers compensation	(5)	(12)
Total employee benefits expense	3 485	2 862

## Employee remuneration

The number of employees whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands:

	2025	2024
	No	No
\$171 001 – \$191 000	-	1
\$191 001 – \$211 000	11	_
Total	1	1

The total remuneration received by those employees for the year was \$202 000 (\$175 000).

The table includes all employees who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits and fringe benefits and any related fringe benefits tax.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 4.2. Supplies and services

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Fee for service	1 475	2 259
Fee for service - Corporate services fee to DEW	485	394
Other supplies and services	241	314
Minor works, maintenance and equipment	120	273
Fee for service - Shared Services SA fee	116	114
Motor vehicles	89	180
General administration	71	45
Travel and accommodation	56	34
Information technology and communication expenses	56	49
Contracted staff development	52	23
Accommodation and property management	37	38
Transport	2	4
Total supplies and services	2 800	3 727

## 4.3. Grants and subsidies

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Recurrent grants	245	334
Total grants and subsidies	245	334

The Board provided financial assistance to private bodies during the year. Funds are paid by way of grants and all recipients are required to comply with conditions relevant to each grant.

For contributions payable, the contribution will be recognised as a liability and expense when the Board has a present obligation to pay the contribution and the expense recognition criteria are met.

## 4.4. Other expenses

Audit fees paid/payable to the Audit Office of South Australia relating to work performed under *the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* were \$47 000 (2024: \$46 000). No other services were provided by the Audit Office of South Australia.

## Kangaroo Island Landscape Board

## Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

#### 5. Assets

All financial assets are measured at amortised cost.

## 5.1. Cash and cash equivalents

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Deposits with the Treasurer	3 870	3 651
Total cash and cash equivalents	3 870	3 651

The Kangaroo Island Landscape fund was established in accordance with section 96 of the Landscape Act. The account is an interest bearing deposit account with the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) pursuant to section 21 of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*.

Deposits at call and with the Treasurer earn a floating interest rate, based on daily bank deposit rates.

#### 5.2. Receivables

	2025	2024
Current	\$'000	\$'000
Contractual receivables		
Debtors	658	863
Accrued revenues	130	756
Total contractual receivables	788	1 619
Statutory receivables		
GST recoverable from DEW	5	
Total statutory receivables	5	-
Total current receivables	793	1 619
Non-current		
Statutory receivables		
Workers compensation recoveries		1_
Total statutory receivables		1
Total non-current receivables		1_
Total receivables	793	1 620

## Contractual receivables

Contractual receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other government agencies and to the public. Contractual receivables are normally settled within 30 days after the issue of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under a contractual arrangement.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 5.2. Receivables (continued)

#### Statutory receivables

Statutory receivables do not arise from contracts with customers. They are related to taxes and tax equivalents as well as statutory fees and charges. Statutory receivables are recognised and measured similarly to contractual receivables. Statutory receivables are not financial assets.

Workers compensation recoveries are related to the interim benefits receivable from employees pursuant to Section 32(3) of Return to Work Act 2014. This receivable is recognised when the relevant employees' claims are rejected.

No impairment loss was recognised in relation to statutory receivables.

The net amount of GST receivable from the ATO (via DEW) is included as part of receivables.

## 5.3. Useful life and depreciation of non-financial assets

#### Useful life

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the following classes of assets as follows:

Class of asset	Useful life (years)	
Plant and equipment	5-10	
Park infrastructure	15	
Right-of-use vehicles	Life of lease	
Right-of-use buildings	Life of lease	

## Review of accounting estimates

Assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, on an annual basis. Changes in the expected life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 5.4. Property, plant and equipment by asset class

Property, plant and equipment comprises tangible assets owned by the Board and right-of-use (leased) assets. The assets presented below do not meet the definition of investment property.

## Reconciliation 2024-25

	Plant and	Park	Capital			
	equipment	infrastructure work in	progress	<b>ROU</b> buildings	ROU vehicles	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	27	40	1	276	179	523
Additions	63		-	-	159	222
Depreciation	(14)	(3)	-	(82)	(85)	(184)
Derecognition	-	-	-	-	(190)	(190)
Other changes		=	-	_	(63)	(63)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	76	37	1	194	-	308
Gross carrying amount						
Gross carrying amount	308	49	1	358	-	716
Accumulated depreciation	(232)	(12)	_	(164)	_	(408)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	76	37	1	194	-	308

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 5.5. Property, plant and equipment owned by the Board

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Board with a value equal to or in excess of \$10 000 is capitalised, otherwise it is expensed. Property, plant and equipment owned by the Board is recorded at fair value.

All non-current assets, having a limited useful life, are systematically depreciated over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of their service potential.

#### 5.6. Property, plant and equipment leased by the Board

Right-of-use assets for property, plant and equipment leased by the Board as lessee are measured at cost.

Short-term leases of 12 months or less and low value leases where the underlying asset value is less than \$15,000 are not recognised as right-of-use assets. The associated lease payments are recognised as an expense and are disclosed in note 4.2.

Effective 1 April 2025, motor vehicle lease contractual arrangements with SAFA Fleet are no longer accounted for under AASB 16 Leases. From 1 April 2025, SAFA Fleet motor vehicle lease payments were recorded directly in the Income Statement. All related right-of-use assets (ROU) and liabilities up to 31 March 2025 were derecognised in accordance with the charges.

The Board has two leases held directly between the Board and landlords, one for office accommodation in Kingscote and the other is for the Nursery and Seedbank facility, operations include propagation and sales of seedlings and plants. Rent is payable in advance. The Office accommodation is leased from J Berden and M Berden and is in place up to 30 June 2027 and the Nursery facility is leased from Cajetan and Giannina Amadio in place up to 30 June 2028. Lease payments are reviewed annually in line with CPI indexation.

#### 6. Liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### 6.1. Payables

	2025	2024
Current	\$'000	\$'000
Contractual payables	103	892
Accrued expenses	20	17
GST payable to DEW		17
Statutory payables	47	46
Total current payables	170	972
Total payables	170	972

Payables and accrued expenses are recognised for all amounts owing but unpaid. All payables are non-interest bearing.

## Kangaroo Island Landscape Board

## Notes to and forming part of the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 6.1. Payables (continued)

## Contractual payables

Contractual payables are normally settled within 15 days from the date the invoice is received.

## Statutory payables

Statutory payables do not arise from contracts. Statutory payables include government taxes and equivalents as well as statutory fees and charges.

The net amount of GST payable to the ATO (via DEW) is included as part of payables.

Statutory payables are carried at cost. They are not financial liabilities.

## 6.2. Other financial liabilities

## Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are related to property, plant and equipment lease arrangements disclosed in note 5.6.

	2025	2024
Future lease payment maturity analysis	\$'000	\$'000
Not later than one year	90	172
Later than one year but not later than five years	121	314
Total future lease payments	211	486

The future lease payments are presented at nominal amounts.

## 6.3. Employee related liabilities

	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Current		
Annual leave	166	155
Accrued salaries and wages	13	1
Long service leave	9	45
Skills and experience retention leave	11	7
Employment on-costs	46	52
Total current employee related liabilities	245	260
Non-current		
Long service leave	281	223
Employment on-costs	30	23
Total non-current employee related liabilities	311	246
Total employee related liabilities	556	506

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 6.3. Employee related liabilities (continued)

Employee benefits accrue as a result of services provided up to the reporting date that remain unpaid. Non-current employee benefits are measured at present value and current employee benefits are measured at nominal amounts.

#### Long service leave liability

The liability for long service leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

The expected timing and amount of long service leave payment is determined through whole-of-government actuarial calculations, which are based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over SA Government entities.

The discount rate is reflective of long-term Commonwealth Government bonds. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has remained the same as 2024 (4.25%) at 2025 (4.25%).

The current portion of employee related liabilities reflects the amount for which the Board does not have right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after reporting date. For long service leave, the amount relates to leave approved before year end that will be taken within 12 months, expected amount of leave to be approved and taken by eligible employees within 12 months, and expected amount of leave to be paid on termination to eligible employees within 12 months.

#### Employment on-costs liabilities

Employment on-costs include payroll tax, ReturnToWorkSA levies and superannuation contributions and are settled when the respective employee benefits that they relate to are discharged. These on-costs primarily relate to the balance of leave owing to employees. Estimates as to the proportion of long service leave estimated to be taken as leave, rather than paid on termination, affects whether certain on-costs are recognised as a consequence of long service leave liabilities.

The Board makes contributions to several State Government and externally managed superannuation schemes. These contributions are treated as an expense when they occur. There is no liability for payments to beneficiaries as they have been assumed by the respective superannuation schemes. The only liability outstanding at reporting date relates to any contributions due but not yet paid to the South Australian Superannuation Board and externally managed superannuation schemes.

As a result of an actuarial assessment performed by DTF, the proportion of long service leave taken as leave has not changed from the 2024 rate (44%). The average factor for the calculation of employer superannuation cost on-costs has increased from the 2024 rate (11.5%) to 2025 (12%). These rates are used in the employment on-cost calculation. The net financial effect of the changes in the current financial year are immaterial.

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 6.4. Provisions

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	35	47
Remeasurement	(11)	(12)
Additions	5	-
Carrying amount at the end of the period	29	35

A provision has been reported to reflect unsettled workers compensation claims. The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2025 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for Public Sector Employment. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to employees as required under current legislation.

The Board is responsible for the payment of workers compensation claims.

## 6.5. Other liabilities

	2025 \$'000	2024 \$'000
Current		
Unearned revenue	<del>-</del>	28
Total current other liabilities		28
Total other liabilities		28

for the year ended 30 June 2025

## 7. Outlook

## 7.1. Unrecognised contractual commitments

Commitments arising from contractual sources are disclosed at their nominal value.

#### Other contractual commitments

The Board's expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are payable as follows:

	2025	2024
	\$'000	\$'000
No later than one year	1 259	447
Later than one year but not later than five years	52	460
Total expenditure commitments	1 311	907

The Board's commitments relate to non-cancellable contracts at the reporting date which have not been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Financial Position.

The Board's expenditure commitments comprise of

- Memoranda of Administrative Arrangements with Landscape SA regarding the Carbon Outreach Program and provision of Executive Officer services.
- Service level agreement with Department of Environment and Water for the provision of corporate services.
- Contracts with external entities in implementation of Kangaroo Island Landscape Plan 2026-2031 and Feral Cat Eradication Program

## 7.2. Contingent assets and liabilities

The Board is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities.

## 7.3. Events after the reporting period

There are no known events after balance date that affect these financial statements in a material manner.